UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2026

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-36347



GOLD.COM, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	**11-2464169**
(State of Incorporation)	(IRS Employer I.D. No.)

1550 Scenic Ave. Suite 150, Costa Mesa, California, 92626

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(844) 455-4653

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:

Title of each class	**Trading Symbol(s)**	**Name of each exchange on which registered**
Common Stock, $0.01 par value	GOLD	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes. ☑ No. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes. ☑ No. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	☐	Accelerated filer	☑	Non-accelerated filer	☐	Smaller reporting company	☐	Emerging growth company	☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes. ☐ No. ☑

As of October 30, 2026, the registrant had 29,157,347 shares of common stock, par value $0.01 per share outstanding.

GOLD.COM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2026

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOLD.COM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, except for share data)

	September 30, 2026 (unaudited)	June 30, 2026
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	$ 126,819	$ 577,976
Receivables, net	200,112	196,037
Derivative assets	291,336	317,976
Secured loans receivable	107,415	115,128
Inventories:		
Inventories	1,348,157	1,561,851
Restricted inventories	1,088,023	798,485
	2,436,180	2,360,336
Income tax receivable	6,161	2,148
Prepaid expenses and other assets	37,923	34,750
Total current assets	3,205,946	3,604,351
Operating lease right of use assets	35,394	31,659
Property, plant, and equipment, net	73,305	71,064
Goodwill	250,803	250,803
Intangibles, net	144,517	146,318
Long-term investments	27,450	26,986
Other long-term assets	3,841	5,738
Total assets	$ 3,741,256	$ 4,136,919
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Liabilities on borrowed metals	$ 793,783	$ 776,061
Product financing arrangements	314,900	89,249
Accounts payable and other payables	144,506	38,778
Deferred revenue and other advances (including amounts from related parties of $764,711 and $1,453,942 as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively)	1,439,499	2,139,974
Derivative liabilities	23,855	39,918
Accrued liabilities	63,126	58,789
Notes payable	—	4,000
Total current liabilities	2,779,669	3,146,769
Notes payable	195	206
Deferred tax liabilities	14,651	14,615
Other liabilities	38,096	36,963
Total liabilities	2,832,611	3,198,553
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, $0.01 par value, authorized 10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: none as of September 30, 2026 or June 30, 2026	—	—
Common stock, par value $0.01; 40,000,000 shares authorized; 29,256,451 and 29,121,293 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively	293	292
Additional paid-in capital	353,869	351,545
Accumulated other comprehensive income	343	140
Retained earnings	490,031	523,736
Total Gold.com, Inc. stockholders' equity	844,536	875,713
Noncontrolling interests	64,109	62,653
Total stockholders' equity	908,645	938,366
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	$ 3,741,256	$ 4,136,919

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

GOLD.COM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(in thousands, except for share and per share data; unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	**2025**
Revenues	$ 3,265,269	$ 3,680,766
Cost of sales	3,175,652	3,607,869
Gross profit	89,617	72,897
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(71,178)	(59,822)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(9,074)	(7,583)
Interest income	6,313	5,571
Interest expense	(12,475)	(12,600)
Earnings (losses) from equity method investments	482	(908)
Other (expense) income, net	(688)	2,233
Losses on foreign exchange	(829)	(99)
Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes	2,168	(311)
Income tax benefit (expense)	17	(660)
Net income (loss)	2,185	(971)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	583	(32)
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	$ 1,602	$ (939)
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share attributable to Gold.com, Inc.:		
Basic	$ 0.05	$ (0.04)
Diluted	$ 0.05	$ (0.04)
Weighted-average shares outstanding:		
Basic	29,216,400	24,696,600
Diluted	29,743,200	24,696,600

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

GOLD.COM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(in thousands, except for share data; unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Total Gold.com, Inc. Stockholders' Equity	Non-controlling Interest	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount						
Balance, June 30, 2025	24,639,386	$ 247	$ 184,998	$ 464,059	$ 212	$ 649,516	$ 53,155	$ 702,671
Net loss	—	—	—	(939)	—	(939)	(32)	(971)
Share-based compensation	—	—	375	—	—	375	—	375
Cumulative translation adjustment, net of tax	—	—	—	—	(6)	(6)	—	(6)
Exercise of share-based awards	5,000	—	6	—	—	6	—	6
Net settlement of share-based awards	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dividends declared	—	—	3	(4,983)	—	(4,980)	—	(4,980)
Balance, September 30, 2025	24,644,386	$ 247	$ 185,382	$ 458,137	$ 206	$ 643,972	$ 53,123	$ 697,095
Balance, June 30, 2026	29,121,293	$ 292	$ 351,545	$ 523,736	$ 140	$ 875,713	$ 62,653	$ 938,366
Net income	—	—	—	1,602	—	1,602	583	2,185
Share-based compensation	—	—	552	—	—	552	—	552
Cumulative translation adjustment, net of tax	—	—	—	—	203	203	—	203
Exercise of share-based awards	101,033	1	1,313	—	—	1,314	—	1,314
Net settlement of share-based awards	19,125	—	(89)	—	—	(89)	—	(89)
Dividends declared	—	—	—	(35,307)	—	(35,307)	—	(35,307)
Other	15,000	—	548	—	—	548	873	1,421
Balance, September 30, 2026	29,256,451	$ 293	$ 353,869	$ 490,031	$ 343	$ 844,536	$ 64,109	$ 908,645

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

GOLD.COM, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands; unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	**2025**
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	$ 2,185	$ (971)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	9,074	7,583
Amortization of loan cost	376	1,635
Share-based compensation	552	375
Losses (earnings) from equity method investments	(482)	908
Other	1,378	(1,796)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net	(4,223)	(148,477)
Derivative assets	26,640	(255,659)
Income tax receivable	(4,013)	3
Inventories	(75,844)	56,451
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(128)	(2,118)
Accounts payable and other payables	105,726	57,772
Deferred revenue and other advances (including amounts from related parties of $689,231 and $0 during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively)	(700,475)	352,717
Derivative liabilities	(16,063)	117,676
Liabilities on borrowed metals	17,722	12,598
Accrued liabilities	(1,009)	(3,280)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(638,584)	195,417
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures for property, plant, and equipment	(4,488)	(1,974)
Purchase of long-term investments	(1,632)	—
Purchase of intangible assets	(4,099)	—
Secured loans receivable, net	7,713	(9,590)
Other	(1,311)	155
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,817)	(11,409)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Product financing arrangements, net	225,651	(107,705)
Dividends paid	(35,077)	(4,984)
Borrowings under lines of credit	549,000	371,000
Repayments under lines of credit	(549,000)	(426,000)
Proceeds from notes payable to related party	—	200
Debt funding issuance costs	(875)	(2,641)
Proceeds from the exercise of share-based awards	1,314	6
Payments for tax withholding related to net settlement of share-based awards	(89)	—
Other	320	(2,404)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	191,244	(172,528)
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(451,157)	11,480
Cash, beginning of period	577,976	77,741
Cash, end of period	$ 126,819	$ 89,221
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest paid	$ 10,939	$ 10,594
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Property, plant, and equipment acquired on account	$ 971	$ (464)
Fair value of shares exchanged for increase in long-term investment	$ 548	$ —
Addition of right of use assets under lease obligations	$ 5,686	$ —

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements comprise those of Gold.com, Inc. (also referred to as "we", "us", the "Company", and "Gold.com"), its consolidated subsidiaries, and its joint ventures in which the Company has a controlling interest. Prior to December 2025, Gold.com, Inc. was operating as A-Mark Precious Metals, Inc.

Business Segments

The Company conducts its operations in four reportable segments: (i) Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, (ii) Direct-to-Consumer, (iii) Minting & Refining, and (iv) Secured Lending. See Note 19 for further information regarding our reportable segments. In fiscal year 2027, the Company began separately presenting its Minting & Refining segment; in fiscal year 2026 and prior, the Company's Minting & Refining operations were included within its Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment.

Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

The Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment operates as a full-service precious metals company. We offer gold, silver, platinum, and palladium in the form of bars, plates, powder, wafers, grain, ingots, and coins. We sell thousands of coin and bar products in a variety of weights, shapes, and sizes for distribution to dealers and other qualified purchasers. Through this segment, we also provide ancillary services including financing, storage, consignment, logistics, and various customized financial programs. As a U.S. Mint-authorized purchaser of gold, silver, platinum, and palladium coins, we purchase product directly from the U.S. Mint, and also purchase product from other sovereign mints, for sale to our customers.

The Company operates its Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment directly under the "A-Mark" brand and through its consolidated subsidiaries Transcontinental Depository Services, LLC ("TDS"), A-M Global Logistics, LLC (“AMGL”), AM/LPM Ventures, LLC, which owns a majority interest in LPM Group Limited ("LPM"), Spectrum Group International, LLC, which was formed in February 2025 to acquire all of the stock of Spectrum Group International, Inc. ("SGI"), Pinehurst Coin Exchange, Inc. ("Pinehurst"), and AM Precious Metals Singapore PTE Ltd.

Our consolidated subsidiaries LPM, SGI, and Pinehurst operate in multiple segments. The financial results and metrics attributable to the wholesale operations are included in our Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment and the financial results and metrics attributable to the retail and auction operations are included in our Direct-to-Consumer segment.

Direct-to-Consumer

Our Direct-to-Consumer ("DTC") segment encompasses our precious metals retail and auction operations, including subsidiaries JM Bullion, Inc. (“JMB”), Goldline, Inc. (“Goldline”), SGI, Pinehurst, AMS Holding, LLC ("AMS"), AM LPM Singapore PTE Ltd., Monex Deposit Company ("Monex"), AM/LPM Ventures, LLC, which owns a majority interest in LPM Group Limited ("LPM"), and through our investment in Silver Gold Bull, Inc. ("SGB"). JMB has several wholly-owned subsidiaries, including: Buy Gold and Silver Corp. ("BGASC"), BX Corporation ("BullionMax"), Gold Price Group, Inc. (“GPG”), Silver.com, Inc. (“Silver.com”), Provident Metals Corp. (“PMC”), and CyberMetals Corp. ("CyberMetals"). Goldline, Inc. owns 100% of AM IP Assets, LLC ("AMIP"). SGB and Goldline each have a 50% ownership interest in Precious Metals Purchasing Partners, LLC ("PMPP").

Minting & Refining

Through our wholly-owned subsidiary AM&ST Associates, LLC (“AMST”), we own the minting operations of the Silver Towne Mint, which is an Indiana-based fabricator of silver bullion products. In April 2026, we acquired the remaining equity interests of Sunshine Minting, Inc. ("SMI"), a leading domestic and global supplier of precious metal mint products with manufacturing facilities in Nevada, as well as a joint venture in Shanghai, China. Our minting and refining operations allow us to provide a diverse product selection to our customers and greater pricing stability within the supply chain, and give us increased access to fabricated products during volatile market environments. Gold.com has leveraged the fabrication capabilities at these mints to introduce new custom products for individual customers. In fiscal year 2027, the Company began separately presenting its Minting & Refining segment; in fiscal year 2026 and prior, the Company's Minting & Refining operations were included within its Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment, and they are not recast because the amounts are not significant.

Secured Lending

The Company operates its Secured Lending segment through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Collateral Finance Corporation, LLC, including its wholly-owned subsidiary, CFC Alternative Investments (“CAI”) (collectively “CFC”).

CFC is a California licensed finance lender that originates and acquires commercial loans secured primarily by bullion and numismatic coins. CFC's customers include coin and precious metal dealers, investors, and collectors. CAI is a holding company that has a 75%-ownership stake in Collectible Card Partners, LLC ("CCP"). CCP provides capital to fund commercial loans secured by graded sports cards.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the financial condition, results of operations, statements of stockholders’ equity, and cash flows of the Company, and were prepared using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”). The Company consolidates its subsidiaries that are wholly-owned, and majority owned, and entities that are variable interest entities where the Company is determined to be the primary beneficiary. Our consolidated financial statements also include the accounts of: Transcontinental Depository Services, LLC (“TDS”), A-M Global Logistics, LLC (“AMGL”), AM/LPM Ventures, LLC, which owns a majority interest in LPM Group Limited (“LPM”), Spectrum Group International, LLC (“SGI”), Pinehurst Coin Exchange, Inc. (“Pinehurst”), AM Precious Metals Singapore PTE Ltd., JM Bullion, Inc. (“JMB”), Goldline, Inc. (“Goldline”), Silver Gold Bull, Inc. (“SGB”), AMS Holding, LLC (“AMS”), AM LPM Singapore PTE Ltd., Monex Deposit Company ("Monex"), AM&ST Associates, LLC (“AMST”), Sunshine Minting, Inc. ("SMI"), and Collateral Finance Corporation, LLC, including its wholly-owned subsidiary, CFC Alternative Investments (collectively “CFC”). Intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. These estimates include, among others, determination of fair value (primarily, with respect to precious metal inventory, derivatives, assets and liabilities acquired in business combinations, certain financial instruments, and certain investments); impairment assessments of property, plant and equipment, long-term investments, intangible assets, and goodwill; valuation allowance determination on deferred tax assets; determining the incremental borrowing rate for calculating right of use assets and lease liabilities; and revenue recognition judgments. Actual results could materially differ from these estimates.

Unaudited Interim Financial Information

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) for interim financial reporting. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals) necessary to present fairly the condensed consolidated balance sheets, condensed consolidated statements of income, condensed consolidated statements of stockholders’ equity, and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the periods presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Operating results for the three months ended September 30, 2026 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027 or for any other interim period during such fiscal year. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026 (the “2026 Annual Report”), as filed with the SEC. Amounts related to disclosure of June 30, 2026 balances within these interim condensed consolidated financial statements were derived from the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2026 Annual Report.

Revenue Recognition

Settlement Date Accounting

The majority of the Company’s sales of precious metals are conducted using sales contracts that meet the definition of derivative instruments in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") *Derivatives and Hedging* Topic 815 ("ASC 815"). The contract underlying the Company's commitment to deliver precious metals is referred to as a “fixed-price forward commodity contract” because the price of the commodity is fixed at the time the order is placed. Revenue is recognized on the settlement date, which is defined as the date on which: (i) the quantity, price, and specific items being purchased have been established, (ii) metals have been delivered to the customer, and (iii) payment has been received or is covered by the customer’s established credit limit with the Company.

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company recognizes its sale of collectible coins, storage, logistics, licensing, specialized auction, and other services revenues in accordance with ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. In aggregate, these types of revenues account for less than 5% of the Company's consolidated revenues, or $149.5 million and $122.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, and primarily consists of sales of numismatic products.

We record contract liabilities for deferred revenue resulting from unfulfilled performance obligations, such as items shipped but not delivered and orders paid or partially paid from certain customers prior to shipment. Contract liabilities were $15.3 million and $12.4 million as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively. Our contract liabilities are typically expected to be recognized as revenue within the next three months.

Amortization of Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs incurred in connection with the Trading Credit Facility are included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. Debt issuance costs are amortized to interest expense over the contractual term of the debt. Debt issuance costs of the Trading Credit Facility are amortized on a straight-line basis, while all other debt issuance costs are amortized using the effective interest method. Amortization of debt issuance costs included in interest expense was $0.4 million and $1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Advertising

Advertising and marketing costs consist primarily of internet advertising, online marketing, direct mail, print media, and television commercials and are expensed when incurred. Advertising costs totaled $11.8 million and $9.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. Costs associated with the marketing and promotion of the Company's products are included within selling, general, and administrative expenses. Advertising costs associated with the operation of our SilverPrice.org and GoldPrice.org websites, which provide price information on silver, gold, and cryptocurrencies, are not included within selling, general, and administrative expenses, but are included in cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Shipping and Handling Costs

Shipping and handling costs represent costs associated with shipping product to customers and receiving product from vendors and are included in cost of sales in the consolidated statements of income. Shipping and handling costs totaled $7.9 million and $7.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Earnings per Share ("EPS")

The Company calculates basic EPS by dividing net income or loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing net income or loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for the potentially dilutive effect of stock options, restricted stock units (“RSUs"), and deferred stock units (“DSUs"), using the treasury stock method.

The Company considers participating securities in its calculation of EPS. Under the two-class method of calculating EPS, earnings are allocated to both common shares and participating securities. The Company’s participating securities include vested RSU and DSU awards. Unvested RSU and DSU awards are not considered participating securities as they are forfeitable until the vesting date. The allocation of earnings to participating securities under the two-class method was not significant for any period presented.

A reconciliation of shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per common share is presented below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Basic weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding	29,216	24,697
Effect of common stock equivalents	527	—
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding	29,743	24,697

Since the Company reported a net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2025, all potentially dilutive shares of common stock would have been antidilutive for the period. The anti-dilutive shares excluded from the table above were 8,652 and 745,047 for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. Actual common shares outstanding totaled 29,256,451 and 24,644,386 as of September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") or other standards setting bodies issue new accounting pronouncements. Updates to the FASB ASC are communicated through issuance of an Accounting Standards Update ("ASU").

Recently Issued Accounting Standards not yet adopted

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses (Topic 220)*, which requires additional disclosures, for interim and annual reporting, of expenses by nature, such as inventory purchases, employee compensation, depreciation and amortization, and selling expenses. This update is effective for the Company for its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027 and interim periods thereafter, and may be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU No. 2025-06, *Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software,* which simplifies the guidance by removing all references to software development project stages so that the guidance is neutral to different software development methods. This ASU will be effective for the Company for the first fiscal quarter of 2029, and may be adopted either prospectively, retrospectively, or through modified retrospective application. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on our consolidated financial statements.

In November 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-09, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Hedge Accounting Improvements*, which includes amendments to more closely align hedge accounting with the economics of an entity's risk management activities. This update is effective for the Company for its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2027 and interim periods thereafter, and should be applied prospectively. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on our consolidated financial statements.

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective for the Company, accounting pronouncement, if currently adopted would have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AT FAIR VALUE

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is defined as cash, evidence of an ownership interest in an entity, or a contract that creates a contractual obligation or right to deliver or receive cash or another financial instrument from a second entity. The fair value of financial instruments represents amounts that would be received upon the sale of those assets or that would be paid to transfer those liabilities in an orderly transaction between market participants at that date. Those fair value measurements maximize the use of observable inputs. However, in situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date, the fair value measurement reflects the Company's own judgments about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Those judgments are developed by the Company based on the best information available in the circumstances, including expected cash flows and appropriately risk adjusted discount rates, and available observable and unobservable inputs.

For most of the Company's financial instruments, the carrying amount approximates fair value. The carrying amounts of cash, receivables, secured loans receivable, accounts payable and other current liabilities, accrued liabilities, and income taxes payable approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. The carrying amounts of derivative assets and derivative liabilities, liabilities on borrowed metals and product financing arrangements are marked-to-market on a daily basis to fair value. The carrying amounts of lines of credit approximate fair value based on the borrowing rates currently available to the Company for bank loans with similar terms and average maturities.

Valuation Hierarchy

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company employs a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs for the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. ASC 820 established a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

- ***Level 1 —*** inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- ***Level 2 —*** inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- ***Level 3 —*** inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The significant assumptions used to determine the carrying value and the related fair value of the assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are described below:

Inventories. The Company's inventory, which consists primarily of bullion and bullion coins, is acquired and initially recorded at cost and then marked to fair market value. The fair market value of the bullion and bullion coins comprises two components: (i) published market values attributable to the cost of the raw precious metal, and (ii) the market value of the premium, which is attributable to the incremental value of the product in its finished goods form. The market value attributable solely to such premium is readily determinable by reference to multiple sources. Except for our collectible coin and Minting & Refining inventory, which are included in inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value, the Company’s inventory is subsequently recorded at their fair market values. The fair value for commodities inventory (i.e., inventory excluding collectible coins and Minting & Refining inventory) is determined using pricing data derived from the markets on which the underlying commodities are traded. Precious metals commodities inventory is classified in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Derivatives. Futures contracts, forward contracts, and open sale and purchase commitments are valued at their fair values, based on the difference between the quoted market price and the contractual price (i.e., intrinsic value) and are included within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Margin and Borrowed Metals Liabilities. Certain margin and borrowed metals liabilities consist of the Company's commodity obligations to margin customers and suppliers, respectively. We also record liabilities on borrowed metals for precious metals held in third-party storage for the benefit of the customer which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. These margin liabilities and borrowed metals liabilities are carried at fair value, which is determined using quoted market pricing and data derived from the markets on which the underlying commodities are traded, and are classified as Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Product Financing Arrangements. Product financing arrangements consist of financing agreements for the transfer and subsequent re-acquisition of gold and silver at an agreed-upon price based on the spot price with a third-party. Such transactions allow the Company to repurchase this inventory upon demand. The third-party charges monthly interest as a percentage of the market value of the outstanding obligation, which is carried at fair value. The obligation is stated at the amount required to repurchase the outstanding inventory. Fair value is determined using quoted market pricing and data derived from the markets on which the underlying commodities are traded. Product financing arrangements are classified in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

Acquisition-related Contingent Consideration. We recorded contingent consideration liabilities in connection with our acquisitions of LPM, Pinehurst, AMS, and Monex which are estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model with Level 3 inputs, including projected cash flows, discount rates, and earnings volatility. Changes in our contingent consideration liabilities are recognized in earnings. The following tables summarize additional details regarding these contingent consideration arrangements:

	Maximum potential payment	Performance conditions	Contingent Consideration Payments Made
LPM	$37.5 million	Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") targets for calendar years 2024, 2025, and 2026	None
Pinehurst	$5.3 million	Pre-tax earnings targets through the third anniversary of the acquisition and net tangible asset thresholds as of June 30, 2025	$1.3 million during the year ended June 30, 2026
AMS	$12.0 million	Up to $9.0 million for certain performance benchmarks and up to $3.0 million upon the achievement of financial targets when certain inventory is sold	$3.0 million during the year ended June 30, 2026 related to the sale of certain inventory
Monex	$20.0 million	Pre-tax net income targets through December 31, 2027	None

		As of September 30, 2026			
	Fair value at acquisition date	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Classification	Key Valuation Assumptions	Increase (reduction) during the three months ended September 30, 2026
LPM	$2.8 million	$7.9 million	Accrued liabilities	EBITDA risk premium: 10.5%; volatility: 85.0%; risk-free rate: 4.2%	$1.2 million
Pinehurst	$0.7 million	$1.3 million	Accrued liabilities	Pre-tax earnings risk premium: 20.3%; volatility: 80.0%; risk-free rate: 4.6%	$0.7 million
AMS	$5.9 million	$0.2 million	Accrued liabilities	EBITDA risk premium: 12.0%; volatility: 75.0%; risk-free rate: 3.7%	$0.0 million
Monex	$5.2 million	$0.4 million	Accrued liabilities	Pre-tax risk premium: 16.3%; pre-tax net income volatility: 44.0%; risk-free rate: 4.0%	$0.0 million

Stablecoin

The Company purchased stablecoin tokens from Tether, a related party, called XAU₮ in April 2026. XAU₮ tokens are digital assets issued by Tether Gold and represent a contractual right to an undivided specific interest in physical gold. The Company accounts for XAU₮ tokens as hybrid financial instruments under ASC 815. Fair value of XAU₮ is determined using quoted market pricing and data derived from the markets on which the underlying commodities are traded and are therefore classified in Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy.

As of September 30, 2026, the value of the Company's XAU₮ recorded within prepaid and other current assets was $17.7 million, $20.0 million of which represents the host contract and an offsetting $2.3 million of which represents the embedded derivative. As of June 30, 2026, the value of the Company's XAU₮ recorded within prepaid and other current assets was $17.0 million, $20.0 million of which represents the host contract and an offsetting $3.0 million of which represents the embedded derivative. During the three months ended September 30, 2026, the Company recognized an unrealized gain of $0.7 million arising from the embedded derivative of XAU₮.

The following tables present information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, aggregated by each fair value hierarchy level (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026			
	Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:				
Inventories[1]	$ 2,317,398	$ —	$ —	$ 2,317,398
Derivative assets — open sale and purchase commitments, net	205,770	—	—	205,770
Derivative assets — futures contracts	61,132	—	—	61,132
Derivative assets — forward contracts	24,434	—	—	24,434
Stablecoin	17,682	—	—	17,682
Total assets, valued at fair value	$ 2,626,416	$ —	$ —	$ 2,626,416
Liabilities:				
Liabilities on borrowed metals	$ 793,783	$ —	$ —	$ 793,783
Product financing arrangements	314,900	—	—	314,900
Derivative liabilities — open sale and purchase commitments, net	3,292	—	—	3,292
Derivative liabilities — margin accounts	6,759	—	—	6,759
Derivative liabilities — futures contracts	425	—	—	425
Derivative liabilities — forward contracts	13,379	—	—	13,379
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	—	—	9,753	9,753
Total liabilities, valued at fair value	$ 1,132,538	$ —	$ 9,753	$ 1,142,291

(1) Collectible coin and Minting & Refining inventory totaling $118.8 million was held at lower of cost or net realizable value, and thus is excluded from the inventories balance shown in this table.

	June 30, 2026			
	Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:				
Inventories[1]	$ 2,268,997	$ —	$ —	$ 2,268,997
Derivative assets — open sale and purchase commitments, net	301,453	—	—	301,453
Derivative assets — futures contracts	8,683	—	—	8,683
Derivative assets — forward contracts	7,840	—	—	7,840
Stablecoin	17,017	—	—	17,017
Total assets, valued at fair value	$ 2,603,990	$ —	$ —	$ 2,603,990
Liabilities:				
Liabilities on borrowed metals	$ 776,061	$ —	$ —	$ 776,061
Product financing arrangements	89,249	—	—	89,249
Derivative liabilities — open sale and purchase commitments, net	1,566	—	—	1,566
Derivative liabilities — margin accounts	6,646	—	—	6,646
Derivative liabilities — futures contracts	2,543	—	—	2,543
Derivative liabilities — forward contracts	29,163	—	—	29,163
Acquisition-related contingent consideration	—	—	7,950	7,950
Total liabilities, valued at fair value	$ 905,228	$ —	$ 7,950	$ 913,178

(1) Collectible coin inventory totaling $91.3 million was held at lower of cost or net realizable value, and thus is excluded from the inventories balance shown in this table.

There were no transfers in or out of Level 2 or 3 from other levels within the fair value hierarchy during the reported periods.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

Certain assets are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. These assets are not measured at fair value on an ongoing basis, but are subject to fair value adjustments only under certain circumstances. These include (i) investments in private companies when there are identifiable events or changes in circumstances that may have a significant adverse impact on the fair value of these assets, (ii) equity method investments that are remeasured to the acquisition-date fair value upon the Company obtaining a controlling interest in the investee during a step acquisition, (iii) property, plant, and equipment and definite-lived intangibles, (iv) goodwill, and (v) indefinite-lived intangibles, all of which are written down to fair value when they are held for sale or determined to be impaired.

Our non-recurring valuations use significant unobservable inputs and significant judgments and therefore fall under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The valuation inputs include assumptions on the appropriate discount rates, long-term growth rates, relevant comparable company earnings multiples, and the amount and timing of expected future cash flows. The cash flows employed in the analyses are based on the Company's estimated outlook and various growth rates. Discount rate assumptions are based on an assessment of the risk inherent in the future cash flows of the respective equity method investment, asset group, or reporting unit. In assessing the reasonableness of its determined fair values, the Company evaluates its results against other value indicators, such as comparable transactions and comparable public company trading values.

4. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Customer trade receivables	$ 87,644	$ 81,132
Wholesale trade advances	75,411	36,433
Due from brokers and other	37,057	78,472
	$ 200,112	$ 196,037

Customer Trade Receivables. Customer trade receivables represent short-term, non-interest bearing amounts due from precious metal sales, advances related to financing products, and other secured interests in assets of the customer.

Wholesale Trade Advances. Wholesale trade advances represent advances of various bullion products and cash advances for purchase commitments of precious metal inventory. Typically, these advances are unsecured, short-term, and non-interest bearing, and are made to wholesale metals dealers and government mints.

Due from Brokers and Other. Due from brokers and other consists of the margin requirements held at brokers related to open futures contracts (see Note 12) and other receivables.

5. SECURED LOANS RECEIVABLE

Below is a summary of the carrying value of our secured loans (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Secured loans originated	$ 105,439	$ 113,080
Secured loans acquired	1,976	2,048
	$ 107,415	$ 115,128

Secured Loans - Originated: Secured loans include short-term loans, which include a combination of on-demand lines and short-term facilities. These loans are fully secured by the customer's assets, which predominantly include bullion, numismatic, and semi-numismatic material, and are typically held in safekeeping by the Company.

Secured Loans - Acquired: Secured loans also include short-term loans, which include a combination of on-demand lines and short-term facilities that are purchased from our customers. The Company acquires a portfolio of their loan receivables at a price that approximates the outstanding balance of each loan in the portfolio, as determined on the effective transaction date. Each loan in the portfolio is fully secured by the borrower's assets, which could include bullion, numismatic or semi-numismatic material, and are typically held in safekeeping by the Company. The seller of the loan portfolio generally retains responsibility for the servicing and administration of the loans.

As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, our secured loans carried weighted-average effective interest rates of 9.6% and 10.0%, respectively, and mature in periods ranging typically from on-demand to one year.

Credit Quality of Secured Loan Receivables and Allowance for Credit Losses

General

The Company's secured loan receivables portfolio comprises loans with similar credit risk profiles, which enables the Company to apply a standard methodology to determine the credit quality for each loan and the allowance for credit losses, if any.

The credit quality of each loan is generally determined by the collateral value assessment, loan-to-value ("LTV") ratio (the principal amount of the loan divided by the estimated value of the collateral) and the type or class of secured material. All loans are fully secured by precious metal bullion, numismatic and semi-numismatic collateral, or graded sports cards, which remains in the physical custody of the Company for the duration of the loan. The term of the loans is generally 180 days; however, loans are typically renewed prior to maturity and therefore remain outstanding for a longer period of time. Interest earned on a loan is billed monthly and is typically due and payable within 20 days and, if not paid after all applicable grace periods, is added to the outstanding principal balance, and late fees and default interest rates are assessed.

When an account is in default or if a margin call has not been met on a timely basis, the loan is considered non-performing and the Company has the right to liquidate the borrower's collateral in order to satisfy the unpaid balance of the outstanding loans, including accrued and unpaid interest. As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, the Company had no allowance for secured loan losses or loans classified as non-performing. The Company incurred no loan impairment costs and no loans were placed on non-accrual status for any period presented.

Class and Credit Quality of Loans

The three classes of secured loan receivables are defined by collateral type: (i) bullion, (ii) numismatic and semi-numismatic and (iii) graded sports cards. The Company's required LTV ratios vary with the class of loans. Typically, the Company requires an LTV ratio of approximately 75% for bullion, 65% for numismatic and semi-numismatic collateral, and 50% for graded sports cards. The LTV ratio for loans collateralized by numismatic and semi-numismatic collateral is typically lower on a percentage basis than bullion collateralized loans because a higher value of the numismatic and semi-numismatic collateral relates to its premium value, rather than its underlying commodity value. The LTV ratio for loans collateralized by graded sports cards is lower because the underlying collateral is not as liquid as bullion and numismatic and semi-numismatic collateral.

The Company's secured loans by portfolio class, which align with internal management reporting, were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026		June 30, 2026	
Bullion	$ 80,489	74.9%	$ 77,589	67.4%
Numismatic and semi-numismatic	22,789	21.2%	29,144	25.3%
Graded sports cards	4,137	3.9%	8,395	7.3%
	$ 107,415	100.0%	$ 115,128	100.0%

Numismatic and graded sports cards collateral values are updated by numismatic and graded sports cards specialists typically within every 90 days and when loan terms are renewed. Generally, we initiate the margin call process when the outstanding loan balance is in excess of 85% of the current value of the underlying collateral. In the event that a borrower fails to meet a margin call to reestablish the required LTV ratio, the loan is considered in default. The collateral material (either bullion, numismatic or graded sports cards) underlying such loans is then sold by the Company to satisfy all amounts due under the loan.

Loans with LTV ratios of less than 75% are generally considered to be higher quality loans. Below is a summary of aggregate outstanding secured loan balances bifurcated into (i) loans with an LTV ratio of less than 75% and (ii) loans with an LTV ratio of 75% or more (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026		June 30, 2026	
Loan-to-value of less than 75%	$ 94,930	88.4%	$ 92,933	80.7%
Loan-to-value of 75% or more	12,485	11.6%	22,195	19.3%
	$ 107,415	100.0%	$ 115,128	100.0%

The Company had no loans with an LTV ratio in excess of 100% as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026.

6. INVENTORIES

Our inventory consists of the precious metals that the Company has physically received, and inventory held by third-parties, which, at the Company's option, it may or may not receive. The following table summarizes the components of our inventory (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Inventory held for sale	$ 1,040,228	$ 1,203,496
Repurchase arrangements with customers	132,592	156,161
Consignment arrangements with customers	35,895	44,030
Collectible coins, held at lower of cost or net realizable value	104,512	91,339
Minting & Refining inventory, held at lower of cost or net realizable value	14,270	—
Borrowed precious metals [(1)]	793,783	776,061
Product financing arrangements	314,900	89,249
	$ 2,436,180	$ 2,360,336

(1) Borrowed precious metals inventory includes restricted inventory of $773.1 million and $709.2 million as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively. This restricted inventory has a corresponding liability on borrowed metals representing the obligation to deliver the metals to the customer in the future.

Our Minting & Refining inventory is held at the lower of cost or net realizable value because this inventory is used in the fabrication of precious metals products and not as a part of our trading operations. This inventory is not hedged.

The Company mitigates market risk of its physical inventory and open commitments through commodity hedge transactions. (See Note 12.) As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, the unrealized gains or losses resulting from the difference between market value and cost of physical inventory, excluding collectible coins and Minting & Refining inventory, were losses of $2.9 million and losses of $71.1 million, respectively.

The premium component, at market value, included in the inventory as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026 totaled $12.8 million and $11.2 million, respectively.

7. LEASES

Components of lease expense were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Operating lease costs	$ 2,331	$ 1,663
Variable lease costs	741	487
Short term lease costs	108	73
Finance lease costs	10	28
	$ 3,190	$ 2,251

For the three months ended September 30, 2026, we made cash payments of $2.0 million for operating lease obligations. These payments are included in operating cash flows. As of September 30, 2026, the weighted-average remaining lease term under our capitalized operating leases was 5.8 years, while the weighted-average discount rate for our operating leases was approximately 6.4%.

The future undiscounted cash flows for each of the next five years and thereafter, and reconciliation to the lease liabilities as of September 30, 2026 for our operating leases were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Operating Leases	
2027 (remainder)	$ 9,216	
2028	8,034	
2029	6,922	
2030	5,761	
2031	4,293	
Thereafter	9,549	
Total lease payments	43,775	
Imputed interest	(7,525)	
Total operating lease liability	$ 36,250	(1)
Operating lease liability - current	$ 7,213	(2)
Operating lease liability - long-term	29,037	(3)
	$ 36,250	(1)

(1) Represents the present value of the operating lease liabilities as of September 30, 2026.
(2) Current operating lease liabilities are presented within accrued liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
(3) Long-term operating lease liabilities are presented within other liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The lease payments presented in the table above exclude amounts related to a failed sale-leaseback transaction. For information regarding the failed sale-leaseback transaction, refer to Note 15.

For information regarding the Company's related party leases, refer to Note 14.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant, and equipment consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Computer software	$ 24,979	$ 24,414
Plant equipment	48,475	47,833
Leasehold improvements	17,980	16,079
Office furniture and fixtures	9,202	8,669
Computer equipment	6,526	6,427
Building and other	10,614	10,618
Total depreciable assets	117,776	114,040
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(55,794)	(52,643)
Property and equipment not placed in service	9,183	7,527
Land	2,140	2,140
Property, plant, and equipment, net	$ 73,305	$ 71,064

Property, plant and equipment depreciation and amortization expense was $3.2 million and $2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. For the periods presented, depreciation and amortization expense allocable to cost of sales was not significant.

9. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill is an intangible asset that arises when a company acquires an existing business or assets (net of assumed liabilities) which comprise a business. In general, the amount of goodwill recorded in an acquisition is calculated as the purchase price of the business minus the fair market value of the tangible assets and the identifiable intangible assets, net of the assumed liabilities. Goodwill and intangibles can also be established by push-down accounting.

Carrying Value

The carrying value of goodwill and other purchased intangibles are described below (dollar amounts in thousands):

			September 30, 2026				June 30, 2026			
	Estimated Useful Lives (Years)	Remaining Weighted-Average Amortization Period (Years)	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Accumulated Impairment	Net Book Value	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Accumulated Impairment	Net Book Value
Identifiable intangible assets:										
Existing customer relationships	4 - 15	4.8	$ 142,516	$ (92,393)	$ —	$ 50,123	$ 138,674	$ (87,421)	$ —	$ 51,253
Developed technology	4	2.2	24,136	(17,332)	—	6,804	24,136	(16,481)	—	7,655
Proprietary knowhow	15	14.5	2,200	(113)	—	2,087	2,200	(88)	—	2,112
Non-compete and other	3 - 5	—	2,310	(2,310)	—	—	2,310	(2,310)	—	—
Employment agreement	1 - 3	—	295	(295)	—	—	295	(295)	—	—
Intangibles subject to amortization			171,457	(112,443)	—	59,014	167,615	(106,595)	—	61,020
Trade names and trademarks	Indefinite	Indefinite	76,664	—	(1,290)	75,374	76,459	—	(1,290)	75,169
Domain name	Indefinite	Indefinite	8,629	—	—	8,629	8,629	—	—	8,629
In-process research and development	Indefinite	Indefinite	1,500	—	—	1,500	1,500	—	—	1,500
Identifiable intangible assets			$ 258,250	$ (112,443)	$ (1,290)	$ 144,517	$ 254,203	$ (106,595)	$ (1,290)	$ 146,318
Goodwill	Indefinite	Indefinite	$ 252,167	$ —	$ (1,364)	$ 250,803	$ 252,167	$ —	$ (1,364)	$ 250,803

The Company's intangible assets are subject to amortization except for trade names, trademarks, domain names, and in-process research and development, which have indefinite lives. Amortization expense related to the Company's intangible assets was $5.9 million and $5.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. For the presented periods, amortization expense allocable to cost of sales was not significant.

Impairment

We recorded a non-recurring impairment charge of $2.7 million (goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets) in fiscal 2018 related to Goldline. Other than the impairment charge related to Goldline, we have not recorded any impairment of goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets.

Estimated Amortization

Estimated annual amortization expense related to definite-lived intangible assets for the succeeding five years and thereafter is as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2027 (remainder)	$ 16,476
2028	17,317
2029	9,758
2030	5,943
2031	2,755
Thereafter	6,765
	$ 59,014

10. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

The following table shows the carrying value and ownership percentage of the Company's investment in privately-held entities (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026		June 30, 2026	
Investee	Carrying Value	Ownership Percentage	Carrying Value	Ownership Percentage
Company A	—	—%	2,326	50.0%
Texas Precious Metals, LLC	9,157	12.0%	9,074	12.0%
Atkinsons Bullion & Coins [1]	14,654	49.5%	14,353	49.5%
Company B	186	33.3%	174	33.3%
Company C	978	20.0%	823	20.0%
Company D	223	5.0%	236	5.0%
Company E	2,252	15.0%	—	—%
	$ 27,450		$ 26,986	

(1) The Company holds an option, exercisable beginning in December 2027, to acquire additional ownership interest which would give the Company control of the investee if exercised.

All of the Company's investees are accounted for using the equity method. We consider all of our equity method investees to be related parties. See Note 14 for a summary of the Company's aggregate balances and activity with these related party entities.

11. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and other current liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Trade payables to customers	$ 134,602	$ 25,236
Other accounts payable	9,904	13,542
Accounts payable and other payables	$ 144,506	$ 38,778
Deferred revenue	$ 58,069	$ 29,841
Advances from customers	1,381,430	2,110,133
Deferred revenue and other advances	$ 1,439,499	$ 2,139,974

As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, advances from customers included $1.117 billion and $1.688 billion, respectively, of advances related to precious metals leases.

12. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING TRANSACTIONS

The Company is exposed to market risk, such as changes in commodity prices and foreign exchange rates. To manage the volatility related to these exposures, the Company enters into various derivative products, such as forward and futures contracts. By policy, the Company historically has entered into derivative financial instruments for the purpose of hedging substantially all of the Company's market exposure to precious metals prices, and not for speculative purposes. The Company’s gains (losses) on derivative instruments are substantially offset by the changes in the fair market value of the underlying precious metals inventory, both of which are recorded in cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Commodity Price Management

The Company manages the value of certain assets and liabilities of its trading business, including trading inventory, by employing a variety of hedging strategies. These strategies include the management of exposure to changes in the market values of the Company's trading inventory through the purchase and sale of a variety of derivative instruments, such as forward and futures contracts.

The Company enters into derivative transactions solely for the purpose of hedging its inventory subject to price risk, and not for speculative market purposes. Due to the nature of the Company's global hedging strategy, the Company is not using hedge accounting as defined under ASC 815, whereby the gains or losses would be deferred and included as a component of other comprehensive income. Instead, gains or losses resulting from the Company's forward and futures contracts and open sale and purchase commitments are reported in the condensed consolidated statements of income as unrealized gains or losses on commodity contracts (a component of cost of sales), with the related unrealized amounts due from or to counterparties reflected as derivative assets or liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company's trading inventory and purchase and sale transactions consist primarily of precious metal products. The value of these assets and liabilities are marked-to-market daily to the prevailing closing price of the underlying precious metals. The Company's precious metals inventory is subject to fluctuations in market value, resulting from changes in the underlying commodity prices. Inventory purchased or borrowed by the Company is subject to price changes. Inventory borrowed is considered a natural hedge, since changes in value of the metal held are offset by the obligation to return the metal to the supplier.

Open sale and purchase commitments are subject to changes in value between the date the purchase or sale price is fixed (the trade date) and the date the metal is received or delivered (the settlement date). The Company seeks to minimize the effect of price changes of the underlying commodity through the use of forward and futures contracts. The Company’s open sale and purchase commitments typically settle within two business days, and for those commitments that do not have stated settlement dates, the Company has the right to settle the positions upon demand.

The Company's policy is to substantially hedge its inventory position, net of open sale and purchase commitments that are subject to price risk, and regularly enters into precious metals commodity forward and futures contracts with financial institutions to hedge against this risk. The Company uses futures contracts, which typically settle within 30 days, for its shorter-term hedge positions, and forward contracts, which may remain open for up to six months, for its longer-term hedge positions. The Company has access to all of the precious metals markets, allowing it to place hedges. The Company also maintains relationships with major market makers in every major precious metal dealing center.

The Company’s management sets credit and position risk limits. These limits include gross position limits for counterparties engaged in sales and purchase transactions with the Company. They also include collateral limits for different types of sale and purchase transactions that counterparties may engage in from time to time.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities

The Company's derivative assets and liabilities represent the net fair value of the difference (or intrinsic value) between market values and trade values at the trade date for open precious metals sale and purchase contracts, as adjusted on a daily basis for changes in market values of the underlying metals, until settled. The Company's derivative assets and liabilities also include the net fair value of open precious metals forward and futures contracts. The precious metals forward and futures contracts are settled at the contract settlement date.

All of our commodity derivative contracts are under master netting arrangements and include both asset and liability positions (i.e., offsetting derivative instruments). As such, for the Company's derivative contracts with the same counterparty, the receivables and payables have been netted on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Such derivative contracts include open sale and purchase commitments, futures, forward and margin accounts. The aggregate gross and net derivative receivables and payables balances by contract type and type of hedge, were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026				June 30, 2026			
	Gross Derivative	Amounts Netted	Cash Collateral Pledge	Net Derivative	Gross Derivative	Amounts Netted	Cash Collateral Pledge	Net Derivative
Nettable derivative assets:								
Open sale and purchase commitments	$ 224,802	$ (19,032)	$ —	$ 205,770	$ 316,650	$ (15,197)	$ —	$ 301,453
Futures contracts	61,132	—	—	61,132	8,683	—	—	8,683
Forward contracts	24,434	—	—	24,434	7,840	—	—	7,840
	$ 310,368	$ (19,032)	$ —	$ 291,336	$ 333,173	$ (15,197)	$ —	$ 317,976
Nettable derivative liabilities:								
Open sale and purchase commitments	$ 4,654	$ (1,362)	$ —	$ 3,292	$ 4,056	$ (2,490)	$ —	$ 1,566
Margin accounts	31,068	—	(24,309)	6,759	30,480	—	(23,834)	6,646
Futures contracts	425	—	—	425	2,543	—	—	2,543
Forward contracts	13,379	—	—	13,379	29,163	—	—	29,163
	$ 49,526	$ (1,362)	$ (24,309)	$ 23,855	$ 66,242	$ (2,490)	$ (23,834)	$ 39,918

Gains or Losses on Derivative Instruments

The Company records the derivative at the trade date with corresponding unrealized gains or losses shown as a component of cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company adjusts the derivatives to fair value on a daily basis until the transactions are settled. When these contracts are net settled, the unrealized gains and losses are reversed, and the realized gains and losses for forward contracts are recorded in revenue and cost of sales, respectively, and the net realized gains and losses for futures contracts are recorded in cost of sales.

Below is a summary of the net gains (losses) on derivative instruments (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Gains (losses) on derivative instruments:		
Unrealized (losses) gains on open futures commodity and forward contracts and open sale and purchase commitments, net	$ (14,690)	$ 143,360
Realized losses on futures commodity contracts, net	(49,718)	(30,134)
	$ (64,408)	$ 113,226

The Company’s net gains (losses) on derivative instruments, as shown in the table above, were substantially offset by the changes in the fair market value of the underlying precious metals inventory, which were also recorded in cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

Summary of Hedging Positions

In a hedging relationship, the change in the value of the derivative financial instrument is offset to a great extent by the change in the value of the underlying hedged item. The following table summarizes the results of our hedging activities, which shows the precious metal commodity inventory position, net of open sale and purchase commitments, that was subject to price risk (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Inventories	$ 2,436,180	$ 2,360,336
Less inventories not hedged:		
Collectible coin inventory, held at lower of cost or net realizable value	(104,512)	(91,339)
Minting & Refining inventory, held at lower of cost or net realizable value	(14,270)	—
Premium on metals position	(12,835)	(11,245)
Precious metal value not hedged	(131,617)	(102,584)
Commitments at market:		
Open inventory purchase commitments	1,343,744	1,463,181
Open inventory sales commitments	(1,792,397)	(2,659,026)
Margin sales commitments	(31,068)	(30,480)
In-transit inventory no longer subject to market risk	(12,830)	(23,934)
Unhedgeable premiums on open commitment positions	1,733	1,885
Borrowed precious metals	(793,783)	(776,061)
Product financing arrangements	(314,900)	(89,249)
Advances on industrial metals	727	1,248
	(1,598,774)	(2,112,436)
Precious metals inventory subject to price risk	705,789	145,316
Precious metals subject to derivative financial instruments:		
Precious metals forward contracts at market values	73,034	(407,606)
Precious metals futures contracts at market values	627,242	548,051
Total market value of derivative financial instruments	700,276	140,445
Net precious metals inventory subject to commodity price risk	$ 5,513	$ 4,871

Notional Balances of Derivatives

The notional balances of the Company's derivative instruments, consisting of contractual metal quantities, are expressed at current spot prices of the underlying precious metal commodity. The Company had the following outstanding commitments and open forward and futures contracts (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Purchase commitments	$ 1,343,744	$ 1,463,181
Sales commitments	$ (1,792,397)	$ (2,659,026)
Margin sales commitments	$ (31,068)	$ (30,480)
Open forward contracts	$ 73,034	$ (407,606)
Open futures contracts	$ 627,242	$ 548,051

The contract amounts (i.e., notional balances) of the Company's forward and futures contracts and the open sales and purchase commitments are not reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company records the difference between the market price of the underlying metal or contract and the trade amount at fair value.

The Company is exposed to the risk of failure of the counterparties to its derivative contracts. Significant judgment is applied by the Company when evaluating the fair value implications. The Company regularly reviews the creditworthiness of its major counterparties and monitors its exposure to concentrations. As of September 30, 2026, the Company believes its risk of counterparty default is mitigated as a result of such evaluation and the short-term duration of these arrangements.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Management

The Company utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to manage the effect of foreign currency exchange fluctuations on its sale and purchase transactions. These contracts generally have maturities of less than one week. The market values (fair values) of the Company's foreign exchange forward contracts and the net open sale and purchase commitment transactions, denominated in foreign currencies, outstanding were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Foreign exchange forward contracts	$ 86	$ 212
Open sale and purchase commitment transactions, net	$ 2,222	$ 727

13. INCOME TAXES

Our provision for income tax expense or benefit and the effective tax rate are shown below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Income tax (benefit) expense	$ (17)	$ 660
Effective income tax rate	-0.8%	-212.2%

Our provision for income taxes varied from the tax computed at the U.S. federal statutory income tax rates for the three months ended September 30, 2026 primarily due to the excess tax benefit from share-based compensation, partially offset by Section 162(m) executive compensation disallowance and foreign tax effects. Our provision for income taxes varied from the tax computed at the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2025 primarily due to state taxes (net of federal benefit), non-taxable and non-deductible items, and foreign tax effects.

As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, we had an income tax receivable of $6.2 million and $2.1 million, respectively.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will be realized by evaluating both positive and negative evidence. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, management concluded that it was more likely than not that the Company would be able to realize the benefit of the U.S. federal and state deferred tax assets and therefore no valuation allowance was considered necessary. We based this conclusion on historical and projected operating performance, as well as our expectation that our operations will generate sufficient taxable income in future periods to realize the tax benefits associated with the deferred tax assets.

The Company has taken or expects to take certain tax benefits on its income tax return filings that it has not recognized as a tax benefit (i.e., an unrecognized tax benefit) on its consolidated statements of income. The Company's measurement of its uncertain tax positions is based on management's assessment of all relevant information, including, but not limited to prior audit experience, audit settlement, or lapse of the applicable statute of limitations. There have been no material changes to our unrecognized tax benefits or any related interest or penalties since June 30, 2026.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties include entities which the Company controls or has the ability to significantly influence, and entities which are under common control with the Company. Related parties also include persons who are affiliated with related entities or the Company who are in a position to influence corporate decisions (such as owners, executives, board members and their families). In the normal course of business, we enter into transactions with our related parties. In addition to our directors and officers and one individual who is the beneficial owner of more than ten percent of our outstanding common stock, below is a list of related parties with whom we have had significant transactions during the presented periods:

1) *Solid Crossing Inc. ("Solid Crossing") and Wade Real Estate, LLC.* SGB's corporate office space is leased from Solid Crossing, whose owners are affiliates of SGB. Pinehurst's primary office space is leased from Wade Real Estate, LLC, which is owned by the former majority owner of Pinehurst, who is a related party.

2) *Equity method investees.* As of September 30, 2026, the Company had six investments in privately-held entities which have been determined to be equity method investees and related parties.

3) *Tether.* In February 2026, the Company entered into a definitive agreement with TPM, S.A. de C.V (collectively, with its affiliates, "Tether") whereby Tether agreed to purchase shares of the Company's common stock as described in Note 17. Tether obtained the right to appoint, and did appoint, a member to the Company's board of directors. The Company has entered into various commercial agreements with Tether whereby the Company leases precious metals from Tether, and Tether purchases and sells precious metals with the Company. Tether also utilizes the Company's secure storage and logistics services. In addition, we purchased $20.0 million of XAU₮, a gold-backed stablecoin sponsored by Tether.

Our related party transactions primarily include (i) sales and purchases of precious metals, (ii) financing activities, (iii) repurchase arrangements, (iv) hedging transactions, and (v) related party facility lease and construction arrangements. Below is a summary of our related party transactions. The amounts presented for each period reflect each entity's related party status for that period.

Balances with Related Parties

Receivables and Payables and Customer Advances, Net

Our related party net receivables as well as payables and customer advances balances were as shown below (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026		June 30, 2026	
	Receivables	Payables and Advances	Receivables	Payables and Advances
Equity method investees	10,781	—	3,018	4,067
Tether	—	764,284	—	1,453,848
Other	165	1,629	215	2,888
	$ 10,946	$ 765,913	$ 3,233	$ 1,460,803

Stablecoins

The Company purchased stablecoins from Tether called XAU₮ tokens in April 2026 which are recorded within prepaid and other current assets on the consolidated balance sheets. See further information in Note 3.

Operating Lease Right of Use Assets

As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, our related party right of use assets were $2.5 million and $2.7 million, respectively.

Long-term Investments

As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, the aggregate carrying balance of our equity method investments was $27.5 million and $27.0 million, respectively. (See Note 10.)

Notes Payable

On April 1, 2021, CCP entered into a loan agreement ("CCP Note") with CFC, which provides CFC with up to $4.0 million to fund commercial loans secured by graded sports cards to its borrowers. Effective July 2026, CCP became a consolidated subsidiary of the Company and the CCP Note has been eliminated upon consolidation.

In February 2025 in connection with the acquisition of Pinehurst, the Company assumed a promissory note with the former majority owner of Pinehurst for $3.1 million. This promissory note had a maturity date of August 1, 2026 and bore interest at a rate of 5% per annum. This promissory note was repaid in full during the three months ended June 30, 2026.

Activity with Related Parties

Sales and Purchases

Our sales to and purchases from related parties were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2026		2025	
	Sales To	Purchases From	Sales To	Purchases From
Equity method investees	53,291	8,551	65,219	3,099
Tether	827,066	55,326	—	—
	$ 880,357	$ 63,877	$ 65,219	$ 3,099

Interest Income and Expense

We recorded interest income and expense from related parties as set forth below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Interest income from secured loan and other receivables	$ 155	$ —
Interest income from finance products and repurchase arrangements	158	121
	$ 313	$ 121
Interest expense from note payables	$ —	$ 8
Interest expense from precious metals leases	5,882	—
	$ 5,882	$ 8

Selling, General, and Administrative Expense

The Company incurred selling, general, and administrative expense related to its related party leasing and consulting agreements of $0.5 million and $0.5 million during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Equity Method Investments — Earnings, Dividends and Distributions Received

The Company's proportional share of our equity method investee's earnings (losses) totaled $0.5 million and ($0.9) million during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

The Company received dividend and distribution payments from our equity method investees that totaled, in the aggregate, $0.1 million and $49,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Other Income

The Company earned royalty and consulting services income from related parties that totaled $19,000 and $19,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Transactions with Directors and Officers

Directors and officers of the Company engaged in transactions through the Company for an aggregate dollar value of $2.5 million and $0.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

15. FINANCING AGREEMENTS

Lines of Credit - Trading Credit Facility

In 2021, the Company entered into a credit facility provided by a syndicate of financial institutions (the “Trading Credit Facility”). The Trading Credit Facility has since been amended and restated to modify certain terms and conditions, including in September 2026 converting the facility into an uncommitted revolving line of credit which is payable on demand. As of September 30, 2026, the Trading Credit Facility has a maturity date to September 29, 2027 and a total facility of $250.0 million.

The Trading Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of the Company’s assets on a first priority basis and is guaranteed by the Company's subsidiaries. The Trading Credit Facility currently bears interest at the daily SOFR rate plus an applicable margin of 236 basis points. As of September 30, 2026, the interest rate on our Trading Credit Facility was approximately 6.3% and the daily SOFR rate was approximately 3.9%.

When needed, we use funds drawn under the Trading Credit Facility to purchase metals from our suppliers and for operating cash flow purposes. Our CFC subsidiary also uses funds drawn under the Trading Credit Facility to finance certain of its lending activities.

Borrowings totaled $0.0 million and $0.0 million at September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively. The Company is able to access additional credit as needed to finance operations, subject to the overall limits of the borrowing facilities and lender approval. Based on the month end borrowing bases in effect, the availability under the Trading Credit Facility, after taking into account current borrowings, totaled $250.0 million and $427.5 million as determined on September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively. As of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, the remaining unamortized balance of loan costs was approximately $2.4 million and $1.9 million, respectively.

The Trading Credit Facility contains various covenants, all of which the Company was in compliance with as of September 30, 2026.

Interest expense related to the Company’s Trading Credit Facility totaled $1.2 million and $7.0 million, which represents 9.8% and 55.5% of the total interest expense recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. The Trading Credit Facility carried a daily weighted-average effective interest rate (including amortization of debt issuance costs) of 13.7% and 9.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Leaseback Financing Obligation

As part of the acquisition of AMS in April 2025, the Company assumed a leaseback financing obligation related to AMS's offices in Eagan, Minnesota. The original transaction, entered into by AMS in August 2024, involved the sale of the property followed by a leaseback arrangement. Due to certain economic terms of the lease, the transaction did not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting. Under a failed sale-leaseback arrangement, the property is accounted for as property, plant, and equipment, and the lease is accounted for as a financing obligation.

The carrying amount of the leaseback financing obligation as of September 30, 2026 was $7.5 million, with a remaining term of 13 years and an effective interest rate of 8.6%. The obligation is secured by the underlying property, which had a net book value of $7.4 million as of September 30, 2026. Future minimum payments under the arrangement are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Financing Payments (Undiscounted)
2027 (remainder)	$ 578
2028	787
2029	807
2030	827
2031	848
Thereafter	7,764
Total future payments	11,611
Imputed interest	(5,931)
Present value [1]	$ 5,680

(1) The difference between the carrying amount of the leaseback financing obligation and the present value of the financing payments reflects the difference between the total contractual payments required under the leaseback arrangement and the fair value of the financing obligations assumed at the acquisition date.

The Company has recorded the current portion of this obligation within accrued liabilities and the noncurrent portion within other liabilities in its condensed consolidated balance sheet, with related interest expense recognized in the consolidated statement of operations. The total interest expense incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025 was $0.2 million and $0.2 million, respectively.

Notes Payable — Related Party

See Note 14.

Liabilities on Borrowed Metals and Precious Metals Leases

Liabilities on Borrowed Metals

Liabilities may also arise from: (i) metal positions held by customers in the Company's inventory, (ii) amounts due to suppliers for the use of their consigned inventory, and (iii) shortages in unallocated metal positions held by the Company in the supplier's inventory, and (iv) advanced pool metals borrowed under short-term agreements using other precious metals from its inventory as collateral. Unallocated or pool metal represents an unsegregated inventory position that is due on demand, in a specified physical form, based on the total ounces of metal held in the position. Amounts due under these arrangements require delivery either in the form of precious metals or in cash.

The Company recorded liabilities on borrowed metals with market values totaling $793.8 million and $776.1 million as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively, which were included in inventories on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Precious Metals Leases

The Company leases precious metals from its suppliers and customers under short-term arrangements, in which the lease terms and interest rates are established at lease inception. The Company has the ability to sell the metals advanced. These arrangements can be settled by repayment in similar metals or in cash.

Precious metals leases of $1.117 billion and $1.688 billion as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively, were included in deferred revenue and other advances on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

For the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, the interest expense related to liabilities on borrowed metals and precious metals leases totaled $8.2 million and $2.1 million, which represents 65.7% and 16.6% of the total interest expense recognized by the Company, respectively. The weighted-average effective interest rate related to liabilities on borrowed metals and precious metals leases was 2.2% and 3.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Product Financing Arrangements

The Company has agreements with third-party financial institutions which allow the Company to transfer its gold and silver inventory at an agreed-upon price, which is based on the spot price. Such agreements allow the Company to repurchase this inventory upon demand at an agreed-upon price based on the spot price on the repurchase date. The third-party charges a monthly fee as a percentage of the market value of the outstanding obligation; such monthly charges are classified in interest expense. These transactions do not qualify as sales, and therefore have been accounted for as financing arrangements and are reflected in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as product financing arrangements. The obligation is stated at the amount required to repurchase the outstanding inventory. Both the product financing obligation and the underlying inventory (which is entirely restricted) are carried at fair value, with changes in fair value recorded as a component of cost of sales in the consolidated statements of income. Such obligations totaled $314.9 million and $89.2 million as of September 30, 2026 and June 30, 2026, respectively.

For the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, the interest expense related to product financing arrangements totaled $2.6 million and $3.2 million, which represents 20.8% and 25.1% of the total interest expense recognized by the Company, respectively.

16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Refer to Note 16 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2026 Annual Report for information relating to employment contracts and other commitments. The Company is not aware of any material changes to commitments as summarized in the 2026 Annual Report.

Legal Matters

The Company is from time-to-time party to various lawsuits, claims and other proceedings, that arise in the ordinary course of its business.

Although the ultimate outcome of any legal matter cannot be predicted with certainty, based on current information, including our assessment of the merits of particular claims, we do not expect that these legal proceedings or claims will have any material adverse impact on our future consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, we review the need to accrue for any loss contingency and establish a liability when, in the opinion of management, it is probable that a matter would result in a liability and the amount of loss, if any, can be reasonably estimated. We do not believe that the resolution of any currently pending lawsuits, claims and proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on financial position, results of operations or liquidity. However, the outcomes of any currently pending lawsuits, claims and proceedings cannot be predicted, and therefore, there can be no assurance that this will be the case.

Additionally, we record receivables for insurance recoveries relating to litigation-related losses and expenses if and when such amounts are covered by insurance and recovery of such losses or expenses are due.

17. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Dividends

Dividends are recorded if and when they are declared by the board of directors.

On August 31, 2026, the Company's board of directors declared a regular cash dividend and a non-recurring special dividend of $0.20 per share and $1.00 per share, respectively, of common stock to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 16, 2026. The dividends were paid on September 28, 2026 and totaled $35.1 million.

Share Repurchase Program

The Company has an ongoing share repurchase program authorizing the purchase of up to 3.3 million shares of common stock. As of September 30, 2026, 2.0 million shares remained authorized for repurchase under the program. During the three months ended September 30, 2026, we did not repurchase any shares under our share repurchase program. From inception of the program through September 30, 2026, we repurchased a total of 1,321,003 shares for $37.3 million, of which 139,455 shares were repurchased from a related party. We are not obligated to repurchase any shares under the program, and repurchases under the program may be discontinued if management determines that additional repurchases are not warranted.

Tether Investment

In February 2026, the Company entered into a definitive agreement with Tether whereby Tether purchased $126.4 million of the Company's common stock. In May 2026, following the receipt of clearance under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act, Tether purchased an additional $23.6 million of the Company's common stock. The purchase price for the common stock was $44.50 per share. The shares purchased by Tether were subject to a 90-day resale restriction which ended May 7, 2026. The Company also entered into an investor rights agreement, under which Tether was entitled to nominate a member to the Company's board of directors and received certain registration rights. During the year ended June 30, 2026, the Company incurred transaction costs of $10.0 million related to the sale of common stock to Tether, resulting in net proceeds of $140.0 million.

2014 Stock Award and Incentive Plan

The Company's amended and restated 2014 Stock Award and Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan") was approved most recently on October 27, 2022 by the Company's stockholders. As of September 30, 2026, 1,314,703 shares were available for issuance of new awards under the 2014 Plan. Under the 2014 Plan, the Company may grant stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), and other equity-based or cash incentive awards to employees, directors, and consultants. The plan permits performance-based and market-based conditions on awards. The maximum contractual term of options and SARs is ten years. Shares delivered under the 2014 Plan are either newly issued shares or treasury shares. Authority to grant new awards under the plan expires on October 27, 2032.

Stock Options

The Company measures the compensation cost of stock options using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which uses various inputs such as the market price per share of common stock and estimates that include the risk-free interest rate, volatility, expected life and dividend yield.

The Company incurred compensation expense related to stock options of $0.2 million and $0.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. As of September 30, 2026, there was total remaining compensation expense of $1.1 million related to employee stock options, which will be recorded over a weighted-average vesting period of approximately 2.0 years. The Company recognizes forfeitures as they occur.

The following table summarizes stock option activity:

	Options	Weighted-Average Exercise Price Per Share
Fiscal 2026		
Outstanding at June 30, 2025	1,177,862	$ 9.68
Grants	30,000	$ 20.57
Exercises	(5,000)	$ 1.14
Forfeitures	(100,000)	$ 25.24
Outstanding at September 30, 2025	1,102,862	$ 8.60
Exercisable at September 30, 2025	929,529	$ 5.62
Fiscal 2027		
Outstanding at June 30, 2026	687,827	$ 10.63
Grants	4,000	$ 42.53
Exercises	(101,033)	$ 13.01
Outstanding at September 30, 2026	590,794	$ 10.44
Exercisable at September 30, 2026	470,461	$ 6.54

Restricted Stock Units

RSUs granted by the Company are not transferable and automatically convert to shares of common stock on a one-for-one basis as the awards vest or at a specified date after vesting. The Company measures the compensation cost of RSUs based on the closing price of the underlying shares at the grant date. The Company recognizes forfeitures as they occur.

The Company incurred compensation expense related to RSUs of $0.4 million and $0.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. As of September 30, 2026, there was $3.2 million of remaining compensation expense related to RSUs, which will be recorded over a weighted-average vesting period of approximately 2.0 years. The following table summarizes RSU activity:

	Awards Outstanding	Weighted-Average Fair Value per Unit at Grant Date
Fiscal 2026		
Nonvested outstanding at June 30, 2025	82,690	$ 26.59
Granted	10,578	$ 22.26
Vested & deferred [1]	(100)	$ — [1]
Nonvested outstanding at September 30, 2025	93,168	$ 26.13
Vested but subject to deferred settlement at September 30, 2025 [1]	56,250	$ 26.73
Outstanding at September 30, 2025	149,418	$ 26.36
Fiscal 2027		
Nonvested outstanding at June 30, 2026	94,900	$ 30.07
Granted	32,225	$ 43.72
Vested & delivered	(5,286)	$ 34.18
Nonvested outstanding at September 30, 2026	121,839	$ 33.50
Vested but subject to deferred settlement at September 30, 2026 [1]	41,840	$ 30.11
Outstanding at September 30, 2026	163,679	$ 32.63

(1) Certain RSU holders elected to defer settlement of the RSUs to a specified date.

Cash Incentive Bonus Award

Effective in the first quarter of fiscal 2024, the Company granted its chief executive officer a cash incentive bonus payable at the end of the fiscal 2024–2027 term, based on two percent of total stockholder return, net of salary and annual bonuses. The award is valued using a Black-Scholes model. The grant date fair value of this liability award was $5.7 million. The fair value of this liability award was $3.1 million as of September 30, 2026 resulting from the following assumptions: a performance bonus estimate of $2.5 million to be paid over the four-year term, a risk-free rate of 4.3%, and an equity volatility of 55.0%.

Compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the performance period, with the amount recognized fluctuating due to remeasurement of fair value at the end of each reporting period. The Company recognized compensation expense (income) related to this cash incentive bonus award of ($0.1 million) and $0.3 million during the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively.

18. CUSTOMER AND SUPPLIER CONCENTRATIONS

Customer Concentrations

The following Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services customer provided 10 percent or more of the Company's revenues (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2026		2025	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Total revenue	$ 3,265,269	100.0%	$ 3,680,766	100.0%
Customer concentrations				
Tether	827,066	25.3%	—	0.0%

No single customer provided 10 percent or more of the Company's accounts receivable balances as of September 30, 2026.

The following customer accounted for 10 percent or more of the Company's secured loans balances (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026		June 30, 2026	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Total secured loans receivable	$ 107,415	100.0%	$ 115,128	100.0%
Customer concentrations				
Customer A	$ 13,725	12.8%	$ 13,725	11.9%

Supplier Concentrations

The Company buys precious metals from a variety of sources, including through brokers and dealers, from sovereign and private mints, from refiners and directly from customers. The Company believes that no one supplier or small group of suppliers is critical to its business, since other sources of supply are available that provide similar products on comparable terms.

19. SEGMENTS AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The Company identifies its reportable segments based on a management approach as described in ASC 280 *Segment Reporting*, together with additional factors such as nature of products or services, customer types, and certain economic characteristics of the underlying business. Our Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") is our CEO, Gregory Roberts. Our CODM uses segment net income or loss before provision for income taxes to allocate resources to our segments in our annual planning process and to assess the performance of our segments, primarily by monitoring actual results versus the annual plan. Our operating segments are not evaluated using asset information.

The Company's operations are organized under four business segments (i) Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, (ii) Direct-to-Consumer, (iii) Minting & Refining, and (iv) Secured Lending. The Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment includes the consolidating eliminations of inter-segment transactions and unallocated segment adjustments. In fiscal year 2027, the Company began separately presenting its Minting & Refining segment; in fiscal year 2026 and prior, the Company's Minting & Refining operations were included within its Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment. The amounts have not been recast because the amounts are not significant. See Note 1 for a description of the types of products and services from which each reportable segment derives its revenues.

Revenue

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Revenue by segment [1]		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ 2,896,578	$ 3,509,209
Eliminations of inter-segment sales	(590,403)	(692,338)
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, net of eliminations [2]	2,306,175	2,816,871
Direct-to-Consumer	950,097 [a]	863,895 [b]
Minting & Refining	8,997	—
	$ 3,265,269	$ 3,680,766

(1) The Secured Lending segment earns interest income from its lending activity and has no precious metals sales. Therefore, no amounts are shown for the Secured Lending segment in the above table.
(2) The eliminations of inter-segment sales are reflected in the Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment.
(a) Includes $26.6 million of inter-segment sales.
(b) Includes $44.9 million of inter-segment sales.

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Revenue by geographic region		
United States	$ 2,034,305	$ 1,343,925
Europe	486,944	1,772,196
Canada	638,178	473,065
Asia Pacific	99,387	85,993
Africa	76	-
Australia	6,320	5,425
South America	59	162
	$ 3,265,269	$ 3,680,766

Cost of Sales

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Cost of sales by segment[1]		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ 2,867,822	$ 3,487,730
Eliminations and adjustments	(588,167)	(692,101)
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, net of eliminations and adjustments	2,279,655	2,795,629
Direct-to-Consumer, net of eliminations	887,573	812,240
Minting & Refining, net of eliminations	8,424	—
	$ 3,175,652	$ 3,607,869

(1) The Secured Lending segment earns interest income from its lending activity and has no cost of sales of precious metals. Therefore, no amounts are shown for the Secured Lending segment in the above table.

Gross Profit and Gross Margin Percentage

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Gross profit by segment[1]		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ 28,756	$ 21,479
Eliminations and adjustments	(2,236)	(237)
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, net of eliminations and adjustments	26,520	21,242
Direct-to-Consumer, net of eliminations	62,524	51,655
Minting & Refining, net of eliminations	573	—
	$ 89,617	$ 72,897
Gross margin percentage by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	0.993%	0.612%
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, net of eliminations and adjustments	1.150%	0.754%
Direct-to-Consumer	6.581%	5.979%
Minting & Refining	6.369%	—
Consolidated gross margin percentage	2.745%	1.980%

(1) The Secured Lending segment earns interest income from its lending activity and has no precious metals sales. Therefore, no amounts are shown for the Secured Lending segment in the above table.

Operating Income and (Expenses)

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Operating income (expenses) by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ (29,787)	$ (32,090)
Eliminations	(43)	(67)
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, net of eliminations	$ (29,830)	$ (32,157)
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, net of eliminations		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	$ (23,437)	$ (22,059)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(1,376)	(1,626)
Interest income	2,557	3,006
Interest expense	(7,276)	(10,808)
Earnings (losses) from equity method investments	445	(944)
Other expense, net	(688)	(67)
Gains (losses) on foreign exchange	(55)	341
	$ (29,830)	$ (32,157)
Direct-to-Consumer		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	$ (45,231)	$ (37,465)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(6,871)	(5,957)
Interest income	733	21
Interest expense	(3,473)	(422)
Other income, net	—	2,300
Losses on foreign exchange	(774)	(440)
	$ (55,616)	$ (41,963)
Minting & Refining		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	$ (2,292)	$ —
Depreciation and amortization expense	(827)	—
Interest income	38	—
Interest expense	(100)	—
	$ (3,181)	$ —
Secured Lending		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	$ (218)	$ (298)
Interest income	2,985	2,544
Interest expense	(1,626)	(1,370)
Earnings from equity method investments	37	36
	$ 1,178	$ 912

Net Income (Loss) Before Provision for Income Taxes

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ (3,310)	$ (10,915)
Direct-to-Consumer	6,908	9,692
Minting & Refining	(2,608)	—
Secured Lending	1,178	912
	$ 2,168	$ (311)

Advertising Expense

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Advertising expense by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ (2,174)	$ (1,922)
Direct-to-Consumer	(9,455)	(7,867)
Minting & Refining	(21)	—
Secured Lending	(104)	(53)
	$ (11,754)	$ (9,842)

Capital Expenditures for Long-Lived Assets

in thousands	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2026	2025
Capital expenditures for long-lived assets by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ (2,168)	$ (1,326)
Direct-to-Consumer	(5,777)	(648)
Minting & Refining	(642)	—
	$ (8,587)	$ (1,974)

Inventories

in thousands	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Inventories by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ 1,295,310	$ 1,315,020
Direct-to-Consumer	1,126,600	1,045,316
Minting & Refining	14,270	—
	$ 2,436,180	$ 2,360,336

in thousands	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Inventories by geographic region		
United States	$ 2,264,412	$ 2,129,326
Canada	70,607	117,478
Europe	28,940	48,615
Asia	72,221	64,917
	$ 2,436,180	$ 2,360,336

Total Assets

in thousands	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Total assets by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services [1]	$ 1,868,125	$ 2,519,971
Eliminations	(307,488)	(330,596)
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, net of eliminations	1,560,637	2,189,375
Direct-to-Consumer	1,977,504	1,829,485
Minting & Refining	90,900	—
Secured Lending	112,215	118,059
	$ 3,741,256	$ 4,136,919

(1) Our equity method investments are primarily recorded within our Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment.

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Total assets by geographic region		
United States	$ 3,336,201	$ 3,704,253
North America, excluding United States	225,495	240,521
Europe	29,063	50,594
Asia	150,497	141,551
	$ 3,741,256	$ 4,136,919

Long-term Assets

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Long-term assets by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ 92,966	$ 160,456
Direct-to-Consumer	385,145	369,786
Minting & Refining	57,199	—
Secured Lending	—	2,326
	$ 535,310	$ 532,568

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Long-term assets by geographic region		
United States	$ 402,974	$ 400,131
North America, excluding United States	98,382	99,755
Asia	33,954	32,681
	$ 535,310	$ 532,568

Goodwill

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Goodwill by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ 24,369	$ 45,106
Direct-to-Consumer[(1)]	216,214	205,697
Minting & Refining	10,220	—
	$ 250,803	$ 250,803

(1) Direct-to-Consumer segment's goodwill balance is net of $1.4 million accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Intangible assets by segment		
Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services	$ 12,779	$ 23,997
Direct-to-Consumer[(1)]	124,336	122,321
Minting & Refining	7,402	—
	$ 144,517	$ 146,318

(1) Direct-to-Consumer segment's intangible asset balance is net of $1.3 million accumulated impairment losses.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As announced on November 4, 2026, the Company's Board of Directors has declared a quarterly cash dividend of $0.20 per share payable on December 2, 2026 to stockholders of record as of November 19, 2026.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Form 10-Q") contains statements that are considered forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give the Company's current expectations and forecasts of future events. All statements other than statements of current or historical fact contained in this Quarterly Report, including statements regarding the Company's future financial position, business strategy, budgets, projected costs and plans, and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," and similar expressions, as they relate to the Company, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on the Company's current plans, estimates and beliefs, and the Company's actual future activities and results of operations may be materially different from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the statements made. Any or all of the forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report may turn out to be inaccurate. The Company has based these forward-looking statements largely on its current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that it believes may affect its financial condition, results of operations, business strategy, and financial needs. The forward-looking statements can be affected by inaccurate assumptions or by known or unknown risks and uncertainties. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events occurring after the date hereof. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the Company or persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained in this Form 10-Q.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes contained elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, and in the audited consolidated financial statements and notes contained in the Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include those factors discussed below and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report.

INTRODUCTION

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is provided as a supplement to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes to aid in the understanding of our results of operations and financial condition. Our discussion is organized as follows:

- *Executive overview*. This section provides a general description of our business, as well as significant transactions and events that we believe are important in understanding the results of operations.
- *Results of operations*. This section provides an analysis of our results of operations presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income by comparing the results for the respective periods presented. Included in our analysis is a discussion of performance metrics; see "Performance Metrics" below.
- *Segment results of operations*. This section provides an analysis of our results of operations presented for our four segments:
  - *Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services,*
  - *Direct-to-Consumer*,
  - *Minting & Refining,* and
  - *Secured Lending*

  comparing results for the periods presented. The prior year amounts of our Minting & Refining segment were not significant and therefore are not presented below.

- *Non-GAAP Measures*. This section provides an analysis of our non-GAAP measures with a reconciliation to the most directly comparable U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“U.S. GAAP”) measure reported on the consolidated financial statements. The Company uses the following two non-GAAP measures:
  - "adjusted net income before provision for income taxes", and
  - "earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization", or "EBITDA".
- *Liquidity and financial condition*. This section provides an analysis of our cash flows, as well as a discussion of our outstanding debt as of September 30, 2026, sources of liquidity and the amount of financial capacity available to fund our future commitments and other financing arrangements.
- *Critical accounting policies and estimates*. This section discusses critical accounting policies that are considered both important to our financial condition and results of operations and require management to make significant judgment and estimates.
- *Recent accounting pronouncements*. This section discusses new accounting pronouncements, dates of implementation, and their expected impact on our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

Our Business

Founded in 1965, Gold.com offers comprehensive solutions for all aspects of the precious metals (gold, silver, platinum, and palladium) and collectibles (including rare coins and currency) value chains. Our vertically integrated platform combines market expertise with state-of-the-art logistics, financing, and minting capabilities to serve customers, collectors, and institutional clients globally. We conduct our operations through four complementary segments: Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, Direct-to-Consumer, Minting & Refining, and Secured Lending.

Effective December 2, 2025, the Company changed its name to Gold.com, Inc. and transferred the listing of its common shares from the Nasdaq Stock Market to the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). The shares of the Company are now being traded on the NYSE under the symbol "GOLD" as of December 2, 2025. Prior to December 2025, Gold.com, Inc. was operating as A-Mark Precious Metals, Inc.

Factors Affecting Revenues, Gross Profit, Interest Income, and Interest Expense

Set forth below are the key factors affecting the Company’s revenues, gross profit, interest income, and interest expense. These factors may be attributable to both the Company’s ongoing business activities as well as from Company acquisitions.

Revenues. The Company enters into transactions to sell and deliver gold, silver, platinum, and palladium to industrial and commercial users, coin and bullion dealers, mints, and financial institutions. The metals are investment or industrial grade and are sold in a variety of shapes and sizes.

The Company also sells and delivers gold, silver, platinum, palladium, and copper products directly to customers and the investor community through its Direct-to-Consumer segment. Customers may place orders online at one of the Company's websites or over the phone.

The Company sells precious metals on forward contracts at a fixed price based on current prevailing precious metal spot prices with a certain delivery date in the future (up to six months from inception date of the forward contract). The Company also uses other derivative products (primarily futures contracts) or combinations thereof to hedge commodity risks. We enter into these forward and futures contracts as part of our hedging strategy to mitigate our price risk of holding inventory; they are not entered into for speculative purposes.

Forward sales contracts by their nature are required to be included in revenues, unlike futures contracts which do not impact the Company’s revenue. The decision to use a forward contract versus another derivative type of product (e.g., a futures contract) for hedging purposes is based on the economics of the transaction. Since the volume of hedging can be significant, the movement in and out of forwards can substantially impact revenues, either positively or negatively, from period to period. For this reason, the Company believes ounces sold (excluding ounces sold on forward sales contracts) is a meaningful metric to assess our top line performance.

In addition, the Company earns revenue by providing storage solutions for precious metals and numismatic coins for financial institutions, dealers, investors, and collectors worldwide and by providing storage and order-fulfillment services to our retail customers. The Company also earns fees for facilitating specialized auctions of numismatics, through providing minting and refining services, and from advertisements placed on our Direct-to-Consumer websites. These revenue streams represent less than 5% of the Company's consolidated revenues.

The Company operates in a high volume/low margin industry. Revenues are impacted by three primary factors: product volume, market prices, and market volatility. A material change in any one or more of these factors may result in a significant change in the Company's revenues. A significant increase or decrease in revenues can occur simply based on changes in the underlying commodity prices and may not be reflective of an increase or decrease in the volume of products sold.

During the first fiscal quarter of 2027, 25.3% of our revenues were generated from sales to Tether. A decline in our trading activity with Tether could adversely affect our revenues and operating results.

Gross Profit. Gross profit is the difference between our revenues and the cost of our products sold. Since we quote prices based on the current commodity market prices for precious metals, we often enter into a combination of forward and futures contracts to effect a hedge position equal to the underlying precious metal commodity value, which substantially represents inventory subject to price risk. We enter into these derivative transactions solely for the purpose of hedging our inventory, and not for speculative purposes. Our gross profit includes the gains and losses resulting from these derivative instruments. However, the gains and losses on the derivative instruments are substantially offset by the gains and losses on the corresponding changes in the market value of our precious metals inventory. As a result, our results of operations generally are not materially impacted by changes in commodity prices.

Interest Income. The Company enters into secured loans and secured financing structures with its customers under which it charges interest. CFC originates loans and acquires loan portfolios that are secured by precious metal bullion and numismatic material owned by the borrowers and held by the Company for the term of the loan. Also, the Company offers a number of secured financing options to its customers to finance their precious metals purchases including consignments and other structured inventory finance products whereby the Company earns a fee based on the underlying value of the precious metal ("repurchase arrangements with customers").

Interest Expense. The Company incurs interest expense associated with its lines of credit, notes payable, product financing agreements for the transfer and subsequent re-acquisition of gold, silver, and platinum at a fixed price with a third-party finance company ("product financing arrangements"), and short-term precious metal borrowing arrangements with our suppliers ("liabilities on borrowed metals" and "precious metals leases").

Performance Metrics

In addition to financial statement indicators, management also utilizes key operational metrics to assess the performance of our business.

Gold and Silver Ounces Sold and Delivered to Customers. A key performance metric we utilize is the number of ounces of gold and silver sold and delivered to our customers (excluding ounces recorded on forward contracts). These metrics reflect our business volume without regard to changes in commodity pricing, which also impacts revenue, but can mask actual business trends.

The primary purpose of entering into forward sales transactions is to hedge commodity price risk. Although the revenues realized from these forward sales transactions are often significant, they generally have negligible impact on gross margins. As a result, the Company excludes the ounces recorded on forward contracts from its performance metrics, as the Company does not enter into forward sales transactions for speculative purposes.

Wholesale Sales Ticket Volume. Another measure of our business that is unaffected by changes in commodity pricing is ticket volume (or number of orders processed). Ticket volume for the Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment measures the total number of wholesale orders processed during the period. In periods of higher volatility, there is generally increased trading in the commodity markets, causing increased demand for our products, resulting in higher business volume. During periods of heightened demand, order size per ticket may increase.

Direct-to-Consumer Customers. We are focused on attracting new customers and retaining existing customers to drive revenue growth. We use the following three metrics as revenue growth indicators when assessing our customer base:

- *New Direct-to-Consumer Customers* means the number of customers that have registered or set up a new account, made a purchase for the first time during the period, or acquired through investment activity.
- *Active Direct-to-Consumer Customers* means the number of customers that have made a purchase during any month during the period.
- *Total Direct-to-Consumer Customers* means the aggregate number of customers that have registered or set up an account or have made a purchase in the past.

Direct-to-Consumer Ticket Volume. Ticket volume for the Direct-to-Consumer segment measures the number of product orders processed during the period. In periods of higher volatility, there is generally increased consumer demand for our products, resulting in higher business volume. We use the following three metrics indicators when assessing our ticket volume:

- *Ticket Volume from New Direct-to-Consumer Customers* means the number of product orders from new Direct-to-Consumer customers (refer to the definition of new customers above) processed during the period.
- *Ticket Volume from Pre-existing Direct-to-Consumer Customers* means the number of product orders from pre-existing Direct-to-Consumer customers processed during the period.
- *Total Ticket Volume from Direct-to-Consumer Customers* means the aggregate number of Direct-to-Consumer product orders processed during the period.

Average Order Value. Average order value for the Direct-to-Consumer segment and JMB measures the average dollar value of product orders (excluding accumulation program orders) delivered to the customer during the period.

Inventory Turnover. Inventory turnover is another performance measure on which we are focused and is calculated as the cost of sales divided by the average inventory during the relevant period. Inventory turnover is a measure of how quickly inventory has moved during the period. A higher inventory turnover ratio, which we typically experience during periods of higher volatility when trading is more robust, typically reflects a more efficient use of our capital.

The period of time that inventory is held by the Company varies depending upon the nature of our inventory commitments with customers and suppliers. See Note 6 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for our classifications of inventory by type. When management analyzes inventory turnover on a period over period basis, consideration is given to each inventory type and its corresponding impact on the inventory turnover calculation. For example:

- The Company enters into various borrowing arrangements that commit the Company's inventory (such as product financing arrangements or liabilities on borrowed metals) for an unspecified period of time. While the Company is able to obtain access to this inventory on demand, this type of inventory tends not to turn over as quickly as other types of inventory.
- The Company enters into repurchase arrangements with customers under which it holds precious metals which are subject to repurchase for an unspecified period of time. While the Company has legal title to this inventory, the Company is required to hold this inventory (or like-kind inventory) for the customer until the arrangement is terminated or the material is repurchased by the customer. As a result, this type of inventory tends not to turn over as quickly as other types of inventory.

Additionally, our inventory turnover ratio can be affected by hedging activity, as the period over period change of the inventory turnover ratio may be significantly impacted by a period over period change in hedging volume. For example, if trading activity were to remain constant over two periods, but there were significantly higher forward sales in the current period compared to a prior period, the calculated inventory turnover ratio would increase notwithstanding the constancy of the trading volume.

Minting & Refining Metrics. We monitor certain operating metrics to evaluate production activity and capacity utilization within the Minting & Refining segment. These metrics include:

- *Gold and Silver Ounces Minted and Refined* means the total ounces of gold and silver minted or refined during the period.
- *Refining Capacity Utilization* represents refined ounces processed during the period as a percentage of estimated refining capacity.

Number of Secured Loans. Finally, as a measure of the size of our Secured Lending segment, we utilize the number of outstanding secured loans to customers that are primarily collateralized by precious metals at the end of each quarter.

Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to key operational metrics that are used to assess the performance of our business, management also uses non-GAAP financial performance and liquidity measures. We believe "adjusted net income before provision for income taxes" and "EBITDA" can provide useful information to evaluate our financial performance and liquidity position. Non-GAAP measures do not have standardized definitions and should not be a substitute for measures that are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. For a reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure reported in our condensed consolidated statements of income and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows and a discussion of certain limitations inherent in such measures, refer to the "Non-GAAP Measures" section below.

Fiscal Year

Our fiscal year end is June 30 each year.

Macroeconomic Volatility

Macroeconomic uncertainty and the volatility in the financial markets in recent years have positively affected the Company's trading revenues and gross profit as the volatility of the price of precious metals and numismatics typically results in an increase in the spread between bid and ask prices on these products. Although conditions may fluctuate from period to period, when volatility is high, we historically experience increased demand for products in each of our coin and bar, industrial, and retail businesses. While macroeconomic uncertainty continues to impact our business, its effects have been less pronounced in the current and prior fiscal year. The Company cannot predict the periods during which increased volatility will occur or the level of increased volatility, the effect of volatility and macroeconomic uncertainty on the Company, or whether other effects on the Company and its businesses will materialize in the short or long term.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview of Results of Operations

Consolidated Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2026 and 2025

The operating results of our business were as follows (in thousands, except per share and performance metrics data):

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Revenues	$ 3,265,269	100.000%	$ 3,680,766	100.000%	$ (415,497)	(11.3%)
Gross profit	89,617	2.745%	72,897	1.980%	$ 16,720	22.9%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(71,178)	(2.180%)	(59,822)	(1.625%)	$ 11,356	19.0%
Depreciation and amortization expense	(9,074)	(0.278%)	(7,583)	(0.206%)	$ 1,491	19.7%
Interest income	6,313	0.193%	5,571	0.151%	$ 742	13.3%
Interest expense	(12,475)	(0.382%)	(12,600)	(0.342%)	$ (125)	(1.0%)
Earnings (losses) from equity method investments	482	0.015%	(908)	(0.025%)	$ 1,390	153.1%
Other (expense) income, net	(688)	(0.021%)	2,233	0.061%	$ (2,921)	(130.8%)
Losses on foreign exchange	(829)	(0.025%)	(99)	(0.003%)	$ 730	737.4%
Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes	2,168	0.066%	(311)	(0.008%)	$ 2,479	797.1%
Income tax benefit (expense)	17	0.001%	(660)	(0.018%)	$ 677	102.6%
Net income (loss)	2,185	0.067%	(971)	(0.026%)	$ 3,156	325.0%
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	583	0.018%	(32)	(0.001%)	$ 615	1,921.9%
Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	$ 1,602	0.049%	$ (939)	(0.026%)	$ 2,541	270.6%
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share attributable to Gold.com, Inc.:						
Basic	$ 0.05		$ (0.04)		$ 0.09	225.0%
Diluted	$ 0.05		$ (0.04)		$ 0.09	225.0%
Performance Metrics:[1]						
Gold ounces sold	463,000		439,000		24,000	5.5%
Silver ounces sold	13,978,000		10,391,000		3,587,000	34.5%
Inventory turnover ratio	1.3		2.9		(1.6)	(55.2%)
Number of secured loans at period end	372		424		(52)	(12.3%)

(1) See "Segment Results of Operations" for a description of additional metrics not listed above.

Revenues

in thousands, except performance metrics Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Revenues	$ 3,265,269	100.000%	$ 3,680,766	100.000%	$ (415,497)	(11.3%)
Performance Metrics						
Gold ounces sold	463,000		439,000		24,000	5.5%
Silver ounces sold	13,978,000		10,391,000		3,587,000	34.5%

Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $415.5 million, or 11.3%, to $3.265 billion from $3.681 billion in 2025. Excluding a decrease of $1.368 billion of forward sales, our revenues increased $952.9 million, or 50.9%, which was due to higher average selling prices of gold and silver as well as an increase in gold and silver ounces sold. Revenues also increased due to the acquisitions of Monex in January 2026 and SMI in April 2026, whose results were not included in the same year-ago period.

Gold ounces sold for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased 24,000 ounces, or 5.5%, to 463,000 ounces from 439,000 ounces in 2025. Silver ounces sold for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased 3,587,000 ounces, or 34.5%, to 13,978,000 ounces from 10,391,000 ounces in 2025. On average, selling prices for gold increased by 23.5% and selling prices for silver increased by 52.7% during the three months ended September 30, 2026 as compared to the prior year.

Gross Profit

in thousands, except performance metric Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Gross profit	$ 89,617	2.745%	$ 72,897	1.980%	$ 16,720	22.9%
Performance Metric						
Inventory turnover ratio	1.3		2.9		(1.6)	(55.2%)

Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $16.7 million, or 22.9%, to $89.6 million from $72.9 million in 2025. The overall gross profit increase was primarily due to an increase in gross profits earned by both the Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment and the Direct-to-Consumer segment, including the acquisitions of Monex and SMI, whose results were not included in the same year-ago period.

The Company's overall gross margin percentage for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased by 76.5 basis points to 2.745% from 1.980% in 2025. Excluding forward sales that had a negligible impact on the amount of gross profit, our gross margin percentage for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased by 72.3 basis points to 3.173% from 3.896%, which was primarily due to lower premium spreads and lower trading profits.

Our inventory turnover ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased by 55.2% to 1.3 from 2.9 in 2025. The decrease in our inventory turnover ratio was primarily due to higher inventory balances and lower cost of sales compared to the prior year period.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

in thousands Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	$ (71,178)	(2.180%)	$ (59,822)	(1.625%)	$ 11,356	19.0%

Selling, general, and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $11.4 million, or 19.0%, to $71.2 million from $59.8 million in 2025. The change was primarily due to: (i) an increase in compensation expense of $6.7 million, (ii) higher advertising costs of $2.4 million, (iii) an increase in insurance costs of $0.7 million, and (iv) an increase in facilities expense of $0.6 million. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2026 included $5.2 million of expenses incurred by Monex and SMI, whose results were not included, or were not fully included in the same year-ago period. Excluding the increase from newly acquired subsidiaries, our selling, general and administrative expenses increased $6.2 million from the prior year period.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

in thousands

Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Depreciation and amortization expense	$ (9,074)	(0.278%)	$ (7,583)	(0.206%)	$ 1,491	19.7%

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $1.5 million, or 19.7%, to $9.1 million from $7.6 million in 2025 primarily due to (i) an increase in depreciation expense of $0.8 million due to an increase in capital expenditures and (ii) an increase in amortization expense of $0.7 million.

Interest Income

in thousands, except performance metric

Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Interest income	$ 6,313	0.193%	$ 5,571	0.151%	$ 742	13.3%
Performance Metric						
Number of secured loans at period-end	372		424		(52)	(12.3%)

Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $0.7 million, or 13.3%, to $6.3 million from $5.6 million in 2025. The increase in interest income was primarily due to an increase in interest income earned by our DTC segment of $0.7 million.

Interest Expense

in thousands

Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Interest expense	$ (12,475)	(0.382%)	$ (12,600)	(0.342%)	$ (125)	(1.0%)

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $0.1 million, or 1.0%, to $12.5 million from $12.6 million in 2025. The decrease in interest expense was primarily due to: (i) a decrease of $5.8 million associated with our Trading Credit Facility due to reduced borrowings and (ii) lower interest and fees of $0.5 million related to product financing arrangements, partially offset by (iii) an increase of $6.2 million related to precious metals leases driven by higher overall borrowings.

Earnings (Losses) from Equity Method Investments

in thousands

Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Earnings (losses) from equity method investments	$ 482	0.015%	$ (908)	(0.025%)	$ 1,390	153.1%

Earnings (losses) from equity method investments for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $1.4 million, or 153.1%, to earnings of $0.5 million from a loss of $0.9 million in 2025 due to increased earnings of our equity method investees.

Other Income and Expense, Net

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Other (expense) income, net	$ (688)	(0.021%)	$ 2,233	0.061%	$ (2,921)	(130.8%)

Other income and expense, net for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $2.9 million, or 130.8%, to expense of $0.7 million from income of $2.2 million in 2025. The change in other income and expense, net was primarily due to increased expense related to changes in our contingent consideration fair value adjustments of $4.3 million partially offset by a $0.7 million unrealized gain on our holdings of XAU₮ stablecoin.

Income Tax Benefit (Expense)

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Income tax benefit (expense)	$ 17	0.001%	$ (660)	(0.018%)	$ 677	102.6%

We recorded an income tax benefit of $17,000 and an income tax expense of $0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. Our effective tax rate was approximately -0.8% and -212.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. Our effective tax rate varied from the tax computed at the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2026 primarily due to the excess tax benefit from share-based compensation, partially offset by Section 162(m) executive compensation disallowance and foreign tax effects. Our effective tax rate varied from the federal statutory rate for the three months ended September 30, 2025 primarily due to state taxes (net of federal benefit), non-taxable and non-deductible items, and foreign tax effects.

SEGMENT RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company conducts its operations in four reportable segments: (i) Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services, (ii) Direct-to-Consumer, (iii) Minting & Refining, and (iv) Secured Lending.

Results of Operations — Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services Segment

The Company operates its Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment directly under the "A-Mark" brand and through its consolidated subsidiaries Transcontinental Depository Services ("TDS"), A-M Global Logistics, LLC ("AMGL"), AM/LPM Ventures, LLC, which owns a majority interest in LPM Group Limited ("LPM"), Spectrum Group International, LLC, which was formed in February 2025 to acquire all of the stock of Spectrum Group International, Inc. ("SGI"), Pinehurst Coin Exchange, Inc. ("Pinehurst"), and AM Precious Metals Singapore PTE, Ltd. The Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment includes the consolidating eliminations of inter-segment transactions and unallocated segment adjustments.

Overview of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2026 and 2025

— Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services Segment

The operating results of our Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment were as follows (in thousands, except performance metrics data):

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Revenues	$ 2,306,175 [a]	100.000%	$ 2,816,871 [a]	100.000%	$ (510,696)	(18.1%)
Gross profit	26,520	1.150%	21,242	0.754%	$ 5,278	24.8%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(23,437)	(1.016%)	(22,059)	(0.783%)	$ 1,378	6.2%
Depreciation and amortization expense	(1,376)	(0.060%)	(1,626)	(0.058%)	$ (250)	(15.4%)
Interest income	2,557	0.111%	3,006	0.107%	$ (449)	(14.9%)
Interest expense	(7,276)	(0.316%)	(10,808)	(0.384%)	$ (3,532)	(32.7%)
Earnings (losses) from equity method investments	445	0.019%	(944)	(0.034%)	$ 1,389	147.1%
Other expense, net	(688)	(0.030%)	(67)	(0.002%)	$ 621	926.9%
Gains (losses) on foreign exchange	(55)	(0.002%)	341	0.012%	$ (396)	(116.1%)
Net loss before provision for income taxes	$ (3,310)	(0.144%)	$ (10,915)	(0.387%)	$ (7,605)	(69.7%)
Performance Metrics:						
Gold ounces sold	321,000		255,000		66,000	25.9%
Silver ounces sold	9,951,000		6,779,000		3,172,000	46.8%
Wholesale Sales ticket volume	24,759		32,702		(7,943)	(24.3%)

(a) Revenues are presented net of inter-segment transactions; see Note 19 for further information.

Revenues — Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

in thousands, except performance metrics

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Revenues	$ 2,306,175 [a]	100.000%	$ 2,816,871 [a]	100.000%	$ (510,696)	(18.1%)
Performance Metrics						
Gold ounces sold	321,000		255,000		66,000	25.9%
Silver ounces sold	9,951,000		6,779,000		3,172,000	46.8%
Wholesale Sales ticket volume	24,759		32,702		(7,943)	(24.3%)

(a) Revenues are presented net of inter-segment transactions; see Note 19 for further information.

Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $510.7 million, or 18.1%, to $2.306 billion from $2.817 billion in 2025. Excluding a decrease in forward sales of $1.368 billion, our revenues increased $857.7 million, which was due to higher average selling prices of gold and silver and an increase in gold and silver ounces sold.

Gold ounces sold for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased 66,000 ounces, or 25.9%, to 321,000 ounces from 255,000 ounces in 2025. Silver ounces sold for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased 3,172,000 ounces, or 46.8%, to 9,951,000 ounces from 6,779,000 ounces in 2025. On average, selling prices for gold increased by 23.1% and selling prices for silver increased by 54.4% during the three months ended September 30, 2026 as compared to the prior year.

The Wholesale Sales ticket volume for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased by 7,943 tickets, or 24.3% to 24,759 tickets from 32,702 tickets in 2025.

Gross Profit — Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

in thousands

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Gross profit	$ 26,520	1.150%	$ 21,242	0.754%	$ 5,278	24.8%

Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $5.3 million, or 24.8%, to $26.5 million from $21.2 million in 2025. The gross profit increase was primarily due to higher premium spreads, partially offset by lower trading profits.

This segment's profit margin percentage increased by 39.6 basis points to 1.150% from 0.754% in 2025. The increase in gross margin percentage was mainly attributable to the impact of decreased forward sales, partially offset by lower trading profits.

Excluding forward sales that had a negligible impact on the amount of gross profit, this segment's gross margin percentage for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased by 68.7 basis points to 1.422% from 2.109% in the prior year. Forward sales increase revenues but are associated with negligible gross profit. The Company enters into forward contracts to hedge its precious metals price risk exposure and not for speculative purposes.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses — Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

in thousands

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	$ (23,437)	(1.016%)	$ (22,059)	(0.783%)	$ 1,378	6.2%

Selling, general, and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $1.4 million, or 6.2%, to $23.4 million from $22.1 million in 2025. The change was primarily due to: (i) an increase in compensation expense of $0.7 million and (ii) higher advertising costs of $0.5 million.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense — Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

in thousands

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Depreciation and amortization expense	$ (1,376)	(0.060%)	$ (1,626)	(0.058%)	$ (250)	(15.4%)

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $0.3 million, or 15.4%, to $1.4 million from $1.6 million in 2025. The change in depreciation and amortization expense was not significant.

Interest Income — Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

in thousands

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Interest income	$ 2,557	0.111%	$ 3,006	0.107%	$ (449)	(14.9%)

Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $0.4 million, or 14.9%, to $2.6 million from $3.0 million in 2025. The overall decrease was primarily due to: (i) a $0.7 million decrease in interest income earned from margin orders partially offset by (ii) a $0.2 million increase in interest earned from repurchase arrangements with customers.

Interest Expense — Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Interest expense	$ (7,276)	(0.316%)	$ (10,808)	(0.384%)	$ (3,532)	(32.7%)

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $3.5 million, or 32.7%, to $7.3 million from $10.8 million in 2025. The overall decrease was primarily due to: (i) a decrease of $5.4 million in connection with our Trading Credit Facility due to reduced borrowings and (ii) lower interest and fees of $3.4 million related to product financing arrangements due to lower borrowings, partially offset by (iii) an increase of $5.4 million from precious metals leases driven by higher overall borrowings.

Earnings (Losses) from Equity Method Investments— Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Earnings (losses) from equity method investments	$ 445	0.019%	$ (944)	(0.034%)	$ 1,389	147.1%

Earnings (losses) from equity method investments for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $1.4 million, or 147.1%, to earnings of $0.4 million from a loss of $0.9 million in 2025 due to increased earnings of our equity method investees.

Results of Operations — Direct-to-Consumer Segment

The Company operates its Direct-to-Consumer segment through its subsidiaries JM Bullion, Inc. (“JMB”), Goldline, Inc. (“Goldline”), Precious Metals Purchasing Partners, LLC ("PMPP"), AM/LPM Ventures, LLC, which owns a majority interest in LPM Group Limited ("LPM"), Spectrum Group International, LLC ("SGI"), Pinehurst Coin Exchange, Inc. ("Pinehurst"), AMS Holding, LLC ("AMS"), AM LPM Singapore PTE Ltd., Monex Deposit Company ("Monex"), and through its investment in Silver Gold Bull, Inc. ("SGB").

Overview of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2026 and 2025

— Direct-to-Consumer Segment

The operating results of our Direct-to-Consumer ("DTC") segment were as follows (in thousands, except performance metrics data):

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of revenue	$	% of revenue	$	%
Revenues	$ 950,097 [a]	100.000%	$ 863,895 [a]	100.000%	$ 86,202	10.0%
Gross profit	62,524	6.581%	51,655	5.979%	$ 10,869	21.0%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(45,231)	(4.761%)	(37,465)	(4.337%)	$ 7,766	20.7%
Depreciation and amortization expense	(6,871)	(0.723%)	(5,957)	(0.690%)	$ 914	15.3%
Interest income	733	0.077%	21	0.002%	$ 712	3,390.5%
Interest expense	(3,473)	(0.366%)	(422)	(0.049%)	$ 3,051	723.0%
Other income, net	—	—%	2,300	0.266%	$ (2,300)	(100.0%)
Losses on foreign exchange	(774)	(0.081%)	(440)	(0.051%)	$ 334	75.9%
Net income before provision for income taxes	$ 6,908	0.727%	$ 9,692	1.122%	$ (2,784)	(28.7%)
Performance Metrics:						
Gold ounces sold	142,000		184,000		(42,000)	(22.8%)
Silver ounces sold	4,027,000		3,612,000		415,000	11.5%
Number of new customers	96,100		69,400		26,700	38.5%
Number of active customers	148,600		147,300		1,300	0.9%
Number of total customers	4,818,400		4,265,400		553,000	13.0%
DTC ticket volume from new customers	58,792		51,950		6,842	13.2%
DTC ticket volume from pre-existing customers	214,780		173,413		41,367	23.9%
DTC total ticket volume	273,572		225,363		48,209	21.4%
DTC average order value	$ 3,482		$ 3,863		$ (381)	(9.9%)
JMB average order value	$ 2,943		$ 2,544		$ 399	15.7%

(a) Includes inter-segment sales; see Note 19 for further information.

Revenues — Direct-to-Consumer

in thousands, except performance metrics						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Revenues	$ 950,097	100.000%	$ 863,895	100.000%	$ 86,202	10.0%
Performance Metrics:						
Gold ounces sold	142,000		184,000		(42,000)	(22.8%)
Silver ounces sold	4,027,000		3,612,000		415,000	11.5%
Number of new customers	96,100		69,400		26,700	38.5%
Number of active customers	148,600		147,300		1,300	0.9%
Number of total customers	4,818,400		4,265,400		553,000	13.0%
DTC ticket volume from new customers	58,792		51,950		6,842	13.2%
DTC ticket volume from pre-existing customers	214,780		173,413		41,367	23.9%
DTC total ticket volume	273,572		225,363		48,209	21.4%
DTC average order value	$ 3,482		$ 3,863		$ (381)	(9.9%)
JMB average order value	$ 2,943		$ 2,544		$ 399	15.7%

Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $86.2 million, or 10.0%, to $950.1 million from $863.9 million in 2025. The increase in revenue was due to an increase in silver ounces sold and higher average selling prices of gold and silver, partially offset by a decrease in gold ounces sold. Revenues also increased due to the acquisition of Monex in January 2026, whose results were not included in the same year-ago period.

Gold ounces sold for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased 42,000 ounces, or 22.8%, to 142,000 ounces from 184,000 ounces in 2025. Silver ounces sold for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased 415,000 ounces, or 11.5%, to 4,027,000 ounces from 3,612,000 ounces in 2025.

On average, selling prices for gold increased by 26.6% and selling prices for silver increased by 53.1% during the three months ended September 30, 2026 as compared to the prior year.

The number of new customers for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased 26,700, or 38.5%, to 96,100 from 69,400 in 2025. The number of active customers for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased 1,300, or 0.9%, to 148,600 from 147,300 in 2025. The number of total customers as of September 30, 2026 increased 553,000, or 13.0%, to 4,818,400 from 4,265,400 as of September 30, 2025. These changes in customer-based metrics were primarily due to the acquisition of Monex in January 2026, as well as JMB's activity.

As of September 30, 2026, the number of total CyberMetals customers was 43,300, and CyberMetals customer assets under management were $17.0 million.

For the three months ended September 30, 2026, the Direct-to-Consumer ticket volume related to new customers increased by 6,842 tickets, or 13.2%, to 58,792 tickets from 51,950 tickets in 2025. For the three months ended September 30, 2026, Direct-to-Consumer ticket volume related to pre-existing customers increased by 41,367 tickets, or 23.9%, to 214,780 tickets from 173,413 tickets in 2025. For the three months ended September 30, 2026, the Direct-to-Consumer total ticket volume increased by 48,209 tickets, or 21.4%, to 273,572 tickets from 225,363 tickets in 2025. These changes in ticket volumes were primarily due to increases from SGI and SGB, partially offset by decreases in JMB and AMS.

For the three months ended September 30, 2026, the Direct-to-Consumer average order value decreased by $381, or 9.9%, to $3,482 from $3,863 in 2025.

Gross Profit — Direct-to-Consumer

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Gross profit	$ 62,524	6.581%	$ 51,655	5.979%	$ 10,869	21.0%

Gross profit for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased by $10.9 million, or 21.0%, to $62.5 million from $51.7 million in 2025. The increase in gross profit was primarily driven by AMS, JMB, SGB, and Monex. The results from Monex were not included in the same year-ago period.

For the three months ended September 30, 2026, the Direct-to-Consumer segment's profit margin percentage increased by 60.2 basis points to 6.581% from 5.979% in 2025. The increase in the gross profit margin percentage was primarily due to higher gross profit margins from SGB and Monex.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense — Direct-to-Consumer

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	$ (45,231)	(4.761%)	$ (37,465)	(4.337%)	$ 7,766	20.7%

Selling, general, and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $7.8 million, or 20.7%, to $45.2 million from $37.5 million in 2025. The change was primarily due to: (i) an increase in compensation expense of $4.8 million, (ii) an increase in advertising costs of $1.8 million, and (iii) an increase in insurance costs of $0.5 million. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2026 included $3.3 million of expenses incurred by Monex whose results were not included in the same year-ago period. Excluding the increase from newly acquired subsidiaries, our selling, general and administrative expenses increased $4.5 million from the prior year period.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense — Direct-to-Consumer

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Depreciation and amortization expense	$ (6,871)	(0.723%)	$ (5,957)	(0.690%)	$ 914	15.3%

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended September 30, 2026, increased $0.9 million, or 15.3%, to $6.9 million from $6.0 million in 2025 primarily due to an increase in amortization expense of $0.6 million.

Interest expense — Direct-to-Consumer

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Interest expense	$ (3,473)	(0.366%)	$ (422)	(0.049%)	$ 3,051	723.0%

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $3.1 million to $3.5 million from $0.4 million in 2025. The increase was primarily related to higher interest and fees related to product financing arrangements.

Other Income, Net— Direct-to-Consumer

in thousands						
Three Months Ended September 30,	**2026**		**2025**		**Change**	
	$	**% of revenue**	**$**	**% of revenue**	**$**	**%**
Other income, net	$ —	—%	$ 2,300	0.266%	$ (2,300)	(100.0%)

Other income, net for the three months ended September 30, 2026 decreased $2.3 million to $0.0 million from $2.3 million in 2025. The decrease was primarily due to contingent consideration fair value adjustments related to our acquisitions of Monex and AMS.

Results of Operations — Minting & Refining Segment

The Company operates its Minting & Refining segment through its consolidated subsidiaries AM&ST Associates, LLC ("AMST" or the "Silver Towne Mint") and Sunshine Minting, Inc. ("SMI"). In fiscal year 2027, the Company began separately presenting its Minting & Refining segment; in fiscal year 2026 and prior, the Company's Minting & Refining operations were included within its Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment and not presented separately below.

Overview of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2026

— Minting & Refining Segment

The operating results of our Minting & Refining segment were as follows (in thousands, except performance metrics data):

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026	
	$	% of revenue
Revenues	$ 8,997	100.000%
Gross profit	573	6.369%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(2,292)	(25.475%)
Depreciation and amortization expense	(827)	(9.192%)
Interest income	38	0.422%
Interest expense	(100)	(1.111%)
Net loss before provision for income taxes	$ (2,608)	(28.987%)
Performance Metrics:		
Gold ounces minted	25,988	
Silver ounces minted	9,063,329	
Gold ounces refined	2,441	
Silver ounces refined	117,500	
Refining capacity utilization	65%	

Results of Operations — Secured Lending Segment

The Company operates its Secured Lending segment through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Collateral Finance Corporation, LLC ("CFC") and CFC Alternative Investments (“CAI”).

Overview of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2026 and 2025

— Secured Lending Segment

The operating results of our Secured Lending segment were as follows (in thousands, except performance metrics data):

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of interest income	$	% of interest income	$	%
Interest income	$ 2,985	100.000%	$ 2,544	100.000%	$ 441	17.3%
Interest expense	(1,626)	(54.472%)	(1,370)	(53.852%)	$ 256	18.7%
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(218)	(7.303%)	(298)	(11.714%)	$ (80)	(26.8%)
Earnings from equity method investments	37	1.240%	36	1.415%	$ 1	2.8%
Net income before provision for income taxes	$ 1,178	39.464%	$ 912	35.849%	$ 266	29.2%
Performance Metric:						
Number of secured loans at period end	372		424		(52)	(12.3%)

Interest Income — Secured Lending

in thousands, except performance metric Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of interest income	$	% of interest income	$	%
Interest income	$ 2,985	100.000%	$ 2,544	100.000%	$ 441	17.3%
Performance Metric						
Number of secured loans at period-end	372		424		(52)	(12.3%)

Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $0.4 million, or 17.3%, to $3.0 million from $2.5 million in 2025. The increase in interest income earned from the segment's secured loan portfolio was primarily due to higher average monthly loan balances, partially offset by fewer loans outstanding. The number of secured loans outstanding decreased by 52, or 12.3% to 372 from 424 as of September 30, 2025.

Interest Expense — Secured Lending

in thousands Three Months Ended September 30,	2026		2025		Change	
	$	% of interest income	$	% of interest income	$	%
Interest expense	$ (1,626)	(54.472%)	$ (1,370)	(53.852%)	$ 256	18.7%

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2026 increased $0.3 million, or 18.7%, to $1.6 million from $1.4 million in 2025. The change in interest expense was not significant.

NON-GAAP MEASURES

Adjusted net income before provision for income taxes

Overview

In addition to our results determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we believe the non-GAAP measure of "adjusted net income before provision for income taxes" is useful in evaluating our operating performance. We use this financial measure to present our pre-tax earnings from core business operations. This measure does not have standardized definitions and is not prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The items excluded from this financial measure may have a material impact on our financial results. Certain of those items are non-recurring, while others are non-cash in nature. Accordingly, this non-GAAP financial performance measure should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, the comparable measures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Reconciliation

We calculate this non-GAAP financial performance measure by eliminating from net income or loss before provision for income taxes the impact of items we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance. We eliminate the impact of the following items: (i) remeasurement gains or losses related to pre-existing equity interests, (ii) contingent consideration fair value adjustments, (iii) acquisition costs, (iv) amortization expenses related to intangible assets acquired, and (v) depreciation expense.

See below for the reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial performance measure to its most closely comparable U.S. GAAP measure on our financial statements (in thousands):

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026	2025	Change	
	$	$	$	%
Net income (loss) before provision for income taxes	$ 2,168	$ (311)	$ 2,479	797.1%
Adjustments:				
Contingent consideration fair value adjustment	1,803	(2,461)	$ 4,264	173.3%
Acquisition costs	197	61	$ 136	223.0%
Amortization of acquired intangibles	5,874	5,202	$ 672	12.9%
Depreciation expense	3,200	2,381	$ 819	34.4%
Adjusted net income before provision for income taxes (non-GAAP)	$ 13,242	$ 4,872	$ 8,370	171.8%

Adjustments

Remeasurement gains or losses. When we acquired a controlling interest in SGB in June 2024, the remaining outstanding equity interests of Pinehurst in February 2025, AMS in April 2025, and SMI in April 2026, we had previously owned a noncontrolling equity interest. We are required to estimate the fair value of our pre-existing equity investment as well as any options to acquire additional equity interests and record the change in the value as a remeasurement gain or loss in our condensed consolidated statements of income. We exclude these remeasurement gains and losses when we evaluate our on-going operational performance and to facilitate comparison of period-to-period operational performance. There were no remeasurement gains or losses in the periods presented above.

Contingent consideration fair value adjustments. Upon our acquisitions of LPM, Pinehurst, AMS, and Monex, we recognized contingent consideration liabilities representing the amount we expect to pay in connection with the achievement of certain financial and performance targets. We remeasure these liabilities each reporting period, with the resulting changes recorded as other income and expense in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income. We exclude these fair value adjustments when we evaluate our core operating performance and to facilitate comparison of period-to-period operating performance. See Note 3 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information.

Acquisition costs. We incur expenses for professional services rendered in connection with business combinations, which are included as a component of selling, general, and administrative expenses in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income. Acquisition expenses are recorded in the periods in which the costs are incurred, and the services are received. We exclude acquisition expenses when we evaluate our core operating performance and to facilitate comparison of period-to-period operating performance.

Amortization of acquired intangibles and depreciation expense. Amortization expense of acquired intangibles varies in amount and frequency and is significantly impacted by the timing and size of our acquisitions. Depreciation expense is calculated using a straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets, ranging from three years to twenty-five years. Due to these expenses being non-cash in nature, management finds it useful to exclude these charges from our operating expenses to assist in the review of a measure that more closely corresponds to cash operating income generated from our business. Amortization of acquired intangible assets and depreciation expense will recur in future periods. For additional information about the amortization of our acquired intangibles and our depreciation expense, see Note 8 and Note 9 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization

Overview

In addition to the non-GAAP financial performance measure discussed in the section above, we use the non-GAAP liquidity measure "earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization" or "EBITDA" to evaluate our business operations before investing activities, interest, and income taxes. Management and external users of our consolidated financial statements, such as industry analysts and investors, may use EBITDA to compare business operations with other publicly traded companies. Investors are cautioned, however, that the definition of EBITDA is not uniform, and other public companies may utilize different measures of EBITDA.

Reconciliation

We calculate EBITDA by eliminating from net income or loss the following items: (i) interest income, (ii) interest expense, (iii) amortization expenses related to intangible assets acquired, (iv) depreciation expense, and (v) income tax expense or benefit.

Management believes the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure is “net cash provided by or used in operating activities” presented in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows. Below is the reconciliation of net income and net cash provided by or used in operating activities to EBITDA (in thousands):

Three Months Ended September 30,	2026	2025	Change	
Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to EBITDA:	$	$	$	%
Net income (loss)	$ 2,185	$ (971)	$ 3,156	325.0%
Adjustments:				
Interest income	(6,313)	(5,571)	$ 742	13.3%
Interest expense	12,475	12,600	$ (125)	(1.0%)
Amortization of acquired intangibles	5,874	5,202	$ 672	12.9%
Depreciation expense	3,200	2,381	$ 819	34.4%
Income tax (benefit) expense	(17)	660	$ (677)	(102.6%)
	15,219	15,272	$ (53)	(0.3%)
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization (non-GAAP)	$ 17,404	$ 14,301	$ 3,103	21.7%
Reconciliation of Operating Cash Flows to EBITDA:				
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	$ (638,584)	$ 195,417	$ (834,001)	(426.8%)
Changes in operating working capital	651,667	(187,683)	$ 839,350	447.2%
Interest expense	12,475	12,600	$ (125)	(1.0%)
Interest income	(6,313)	(5,571)	$ 742	13.3%
Income tax (benefit) expense	(17)	660	$ (677)	(102.6%)
Earnings (losses) from equity method investments	482	(908)	$ 1,390	153.1%
Share-based compensation	(552)	(375)	$ 177	47.2%
Amortization of loan cost	(376)	(1,635)	$ (1,259)	(77.0%)
Other	(1,378)	1,796	$ (3,174)	(176.7%)
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization (non-GAAP)	$ 17,404	$ 14,301	$ 3,103	21.7%
Cash Flow Data:				
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	$ (638,584)	$ 195,417	$ (834,001)	(426.8%)
Net cash used in investing activities	$ (3,817)	$ (11,409)	$ (7,592)	(66.5%)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	$ 191,244	$ (172,528)	$ 363,772	210.8%

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

Primary Sources and Uses of Cash

Overview

Liquidity refers to the availability of cash for the Company to meet all of our cash needs. Our sources of liquidity principally include cash from operations, precious metals leases, Trading Credit Facility (see “Lines of Credit” below), and product financing arrangements. In recent periods, a primary source of our liquidity has been precious metal leases, a majority of which have been provided by Tether, a related party. In the event these leasing arrangements are reduced or terminated, we will be required to utilize alternative financing options, which may impact our interest expense.

A substantial portion of our assets are liquid. As of September 30, 2026, approximately 85% of our assets consisted of cash, receivables, derivative assets, secured loan receivables, precious metals held under financing arrangements, and inventories, measured at fair value. Cash generated from the sales or financing of our precious metals products is our primary source of operating liquidity. Among other things, these include our product financing arrangements, liabilities on borrowed metals, and precious metals leases. Typically, the Company acquires its inventory by: (i) purchasing inventory from its suppliers by utilizing our own capital and lines of credit; (ii) borrowing precious metals from its suppliers under short-term arrangements which may bear interest at a designated rate, and (iii) repurchasing inventory at an agreed-upon price based on the spot price on the specified repurchase date.

In addition to selling inventory, the Company generates cash from earning interest income. The Company enters into secured loans and financing structures with its customers under which it charges interest. The loans are secured by precious metals and graded sports cards owned by the borrowers and held by the Company as security for the term of the loan. The Company also offers a number of secured financing options to its customers to finance their precious metals purchases including consignments and other structured inventory finance products. Furthermore, our customers may enter into agreements whereby the customer agrees to repurchase our precious metals at the prevailing spot price for delivery of the product at a specific point in time in the future; interest income is earned from the contract date until the material is delivered and paid for in full.

We may also raise funds through the public or private offering of equity or debt securities, although there is no assurance that we will be able to do so at the times and in the amounts required.

We continually review our overall credit and capital needs to ensure that our capital base, both stockholders' equity and available credit facilities, can appropriately support our anticipated financing needs. The Company also continually monitors its current and forecasted cash requirements and draws upon and pays down its debt obligations so as to minimize interest expense. See Note 15 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Lines of Credit

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026	Change
Lines of credit	$ —	$ —	$ —

Effective December 2021, the Company entered into a borrowing facility (the "Trading Credit Facility") with CIBC Bank USA, as agent and joint lead arranger, and a syndicate of banks. As of September 30, 2026, the Trading Credit Facility provided the Company with access up to $250.0 million and has a maturity date of September 29, 2027. (See Note 15.)

When needed, the Company uses funds drawn under the Trading Credit Facility to purchase metals from its suppliers and for other operating cash flow purposes.

Notes Payable

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026	Change
Notes payable — short-term	$ —	$ 4,000	$ (4,000)
Notes payable — long-term	195	206	(11)
	$ 195	$ 4,206	$ (4,011)

In April 2021, CCP entered into a loan agreement ("CCP Note") with CFC, which provides CFC with up to $4.0 million to fund commercial loans secured by graded sports cards to its borrowers. Effective July 2026, CCP became a consolidated subsidiary of the Company, and the CCP Note has been eliminated upon consolidation.

Liabilities on Borrowed Metals and Precious Metals Leases

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026	Change
Liabilities on borrowed metals	$ 793,783	$ 776,061	$ 17,722
Precious metals leases	$ 1,117,361	$ 1,687,603	$ (570,242)

We borrow precious metals from our suppliers and customers under short-term arrangements using other precious metal from our inventory or precious metals held under financing arrangements as collateral. Amounts under these arrangements require repayment either in the form of precious metals or cash. Liabilities also arise from metal positions held by customers in our inventory. Typically, these positions are due on demand, in a specified physical form, based on the total ounces of metal held in the position.

We lease precious metals from our suppliers and customers under short-term arrangements, in which the lease terms and interest rates are established at lease inception. Precious metals leases are included in deferred revenue and other advances on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Amounts under these arrangements may be settled in precious metals or cash.

Product Financing Arrangements

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026	Change
Product financing arrangements	$ 314,900	$ 89,249	$ 225,651

The Company has agreements with financial institutions and other third parties that allow the Company to transfer its gold and silver inventory to the third-party at an agreed-upon price based on the spot price, which provides alternative sources of liquidity. During the term of the agreement both parties intend for inventory to be returned at an agreed-upon price based on the spot price on the repurchase date. The third parties charge monthly interest as a percentage of the market value of the outstanding obligation; such monthly charges are classified as interest expense. These transactions do not qualify as sales and therefore are accounted for as financing arrangements and reflected in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as product financing arrangements. The obligation is stated at the amount required to repurchase the outstanding inventory. Both the product financing arrangements and the underlying inventory (which is entirely restricted) are carried at fair value, with changes in fair value included as a component of cost of sales.

Secured Loans Receivable

in thousands

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026	Change
Secured loans receivable	$ 107,415	$ 115,128	$ (7,713)

CFC is a California licensed finance lender that makes and acquires commercial loans secured by bullion and numismatic coins, and graded sports cards that affords our customers a convenient means of financing their inventory or collections. See Note 5 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. Most of the Company's secured loans are short-term in nature. The renewal of these secured loans is at the discretion of the Company and, as such, provides us with some flexibility in regard to our capital deployment strategies.

Dividends

The Company's board of directors has adopted a regular quarterly cash dividend policy of $0.20 per common share ($0.80 per share on an annual basis). The declaration of regular cash dividends in the future is subject to the determination each quarter by the board of directors. Below is a summary of dividends paid to stockholders in the three months ended September 30, 2026.

- On August 31, 2026, the Company's board of directors declared a regular cash dividend and a non-recurring special dividend of $0.20 per share and $1.00 per share, respectively, of common stock to stockholders of record at the close of business on September 16, 2026. The dividends were paid on September 28, 2026 and totaled $35.1 million.

See Note 17 and Note 20 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for more information regarding our dividends.

Cash Flows

The majority of the Company's trading activities involve two-day value trades under which payment is received in advance of delivery or product is received in advance of payment. The combination of sales volume, inventory turnover, and precious metals price volatility can cause material changes in the sources of cash used in or provided by operating activities on a daily basis. The Company manages these variances through its liquidity forecasts and counterparty limits by maintaining a liquidity reserve to meet the Company's cash needs. The Company uses various short-term financial instruments to manage the cycle of our trading activities from customer purchase order to cash collections and product delivery, which can cause material changes in the amount of cash used in or provided by financing activities on a daily basis.

The following summarizes components of our consolidated statements of cash flows (in thousands):

Three months Ended	September 30, 2026	September 30, 2025	Change
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	$ (638,584)	$ 195,417	$ (834,001)
Net cash used in investing activities	$ (3,817)	$ (11,409)	$ (7,592)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	$ 191,244	$ (172,528)	$ 363,772

For the periods presented, our principal capital requirements have been to fund (i) working capital and (ii) financing activity. Our working capital requirements fluctuated with market conditions, the availability of precious metals, and the volatility of precious metals commodity pricing.

Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities

Operating activities used $638.6 million and provided $195.4 million in cash for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, representing a $834.0 million change compared to the three months ended September 30, 2025. The period over period change was primarily due to net changes in working capital, which includes deferred revenue and other advances, inventories, derivative assets and liabilities, liabilities on borrowed metals, and accounts payable and other payables, as well as an increase in net income adjusted for non-cash items.

Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities

Investing activities used $3.8 million and used $11.4 million in cash for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, representing a $7.6 million change compared to the three months ended September 30, 2025. This period over period change was primarily due to (i) higher inflows of $17.3 million associated with the secured loan receivables in the current period, partially offset by (ii) an increase of $4.1 million in purchases of intangible assets, (iii) a $2.5 million increase in capital expenditures for property, plant, and equipment, and (iv) an increase of $1.6 million for purchases of long-term investments.

Net Cash Flows From Financing Activities

Financing activities provided $191.2 million and used $172.5 million in cash for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively, representing a $363.8 million change compared to the three months ended September 30, 2025. This period over period change was primarily due to: (i) an increase in cash provided of $333.4 million related to our product financing arrangements, (ii) a decrease in cash used from our net borrowings and repayments of $55.0 million under our Trading Credit Facility, (iii) a $1.8 million reduction in cash paid for debt issuance costs, and (iv) a $1.2 million increase in cash provided from the net proceeds of share-based awards. These were partially offset by (v) an increase in dividends paid of $30.1 million due to the declaration and payment of a special dividend during the current period.

Capital Resources

We believe that our current cash availability under the Trading Credit Facility, product financing arrangements, financing derived from borrowed and leased metal arrangements and the cash we anticipate generating from operating activities will provide us with sufficient liquidity to satisfy our working capital needs, capital expenditures, investment requirements, and commitments through at least the next twelve months.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Counterparty Risk

We face counterparty risks in our Wholesale Sales & Ancillary Services segment. We manage these risks by setting credit and position risk limits with our trading counterparties, including gross position limits for counterparties engaged in sales and purchase transactions and inventory consignment transactions with us, as well as collateral limits for different types of sale and purchase transactions that counterparties may engage in from time to time.

Commodities Risk and Derivatives

We use a variety of strategies to manage our risk including fluctuations in commodity prices for precious metals. Our inventory consists of, and our trading activities involve, precious metals and precious metal products, for which prices are linked to the corresponding precious metal commodity prices. The Company's precious metals inventory is subject to fluctuations in market value, resulting from changes in the underlying commodity prices. Inventory purchased or borrowed by us is subject to price changes. Inventory borrowed is a natural hedge since changes in the value of the metal held are offset by the obligation to return the metal to the supplier or deliver metals to the customer.

Open sale and purchase commitments in our trading activities are subject to changes in value between the date the purchase or sale price is fixed (the trade date) and the date the metal is received or delivered (the settlement date). We seek to minimize the effect of price changes of the underlying commodity through the use of forward and futures contracts. Our open sale and purchase commitments generally settle within two business days, and for those commitments that do not have stated settlement dates, we have the right to settle the positions upon demand.

Our policy is to substantially hedge our inventory position, net of open sale and purchase commitments that are subject to price risk. We regularly enter into precious metals commodity forward and futures contracts with financial institutions to hedge against this risk. We use futures contracts, which typically settle within 30 days, for our shorter-term hedge positions, and forward contracts, which may remain open for up to six months, for our longer-term hedge positions. We have access to all of the precious metals markets, allowing us to place hedges. We also maintain relationships with major market makers in every major precious metals dealing center.

The Company enters into these derivative transactions solely for the purpose of hedging our inventory holding risk, and not for speculative market purposes. Due to the nature of our hedging strategy, we are not using hedge accounting as defined under ASC 815. Unrealized gains or losses resulting from our forward and futures contracts are reported as cost of sales with the related amounts due from or to counterparties reflected as derivative assets or liabilities. The Company adjusts the derivatives to fair value on a daily basis until the transactions are settled. When these contracts are net settled, the unrealized gains and losses are reversed and the realized gains and losses for forward contracts are recorded in revenue and cost of sales, respectively, and the net realized gains and losses for futures are recorded in cost of sales.

The Company's net gains and losses on derivative instruments totaled losses of $64.4 million and gains of $113.2 million, for the three months ended September 30, 2026 and 2025, respectively. These were substantially offset by the changes in fair market value of the underlying precious metals inventory, which is also recorded in cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of income.

The purpose of the Company's hedging policy is to substantially match the change in the value of the derivative financial instrument to the change in the value of the underlying hedged item. The following table summarizes the results of our hedging activities, showing the precious metal commodity inventory position, net of open sale and purchase commitments, which is subject to price risk, compared to change in the value of the derivative instruments (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Inventories	$ 2,436,180	$ 2,360,336
Less inventories not hedged:		
Collectible coin inventory, held at lower of cost or net realizable value	(104,512)	(91,339)
Minting & Refining inventory, held at lower of cost or net realizable value	(14,270)	—
Premium on metals position	(12,835)	(11,245)
Precious metal value not hedged	(131,617)	(102,584)
Commitments at market:		
Open inventory purchase commitments	1,343,744	1,463,181
Open inventory sales commitments	(1,792,397)	(2,659,026)
Margin sales commitments	(31,068)	(30,480)
In-transit inventory no longer subject to market risk	(12,830)	(23,934)
Unhedgeable premiums on open commitment positions	1,733	1,885
Borrowed precious metals	(793,783)	(776,061)
Product financing arrangements	(314,900)	(89,249)
Advances on industrial metals	727	1,248
	(1,598,774)	(2,112,436)
Precious metals inventory subject to price risk	705,789	145,316
Precious metals subject to derivative financial instruments:		
Precious metals forward contracts at market values	73,034	(407,606)
Precious metals futures contracts at market values	627,242	548,051
Total market value of derivative financial instruments	700,276	140,445
Net precious metals inventory subject to commodity price risk	$ 5,513	$ 4,871

We are exposed to the risk of default of the counterparties to our derivative contracts. Significant judgment is applied by us when evaluating the fair value implications. We regularly review the creditworthiness of our major counterparties and monitor our exposure to concentrations. As of September 30, 2026, we believe our risk of counterparty default is limited based on our evaluation of the creditworthiness of our major counterparties, the strong financial condition of our counterparties, and the short-term duration of these arrangements.

We had the following outstanding sale and purchase commitments and open forward and futures contracts, which are normal and recurring, in nature (in thousands):

	September 30, 2026	June 30, 2026
Purchase commitments	$ 1,343,744	$ 1,463,181
Sales commitments	$ (1,792,397)	$ (2,659,026)
Margin sales commitments	$ (31,068)	$ (30,480)
Open forward contracts	$ 73,034	$ (407,606)
Open futures contracts	$ 627,242	$ 548,051
Foreign exchange forward contracts	$ 86	$ 212

The notional amounts of the commodity forward and futures contracts and the open sales and purchase orders, as shown in the table above, are not reflected at the notional amounts in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company records commodity forward and futures contracts at the fair value, which is the difference between the market price of the underlying metal or contract measured on the reporting date and the trade amount measured on the date the contract was transacted. The fair value of the open derivative contracts is shown as a component of derivative assets or derivative liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company enters into derivative forward and futures transactions solely for the purpose of hedging its inventory holding risk, and not for speculative market purposes. The Company's gains and losses on derivative instruments are substantially offset by the changes in fair market value of the underlying precious metals inventory position, including our open sale and purchase commitments. The Company records the derivatives at the trade date, and any corresponding unrealized gains or losses are shown as a component of cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of income. We adjust the carrying value of the derivatives to fair value on a daily basis until the transactions are physically settled. See Note 12 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Commitments and Contingencies

Refer to Note 16 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for information related to the Company's commitments and contingencies.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). In connection with the preparation of our financial statements, we are required to make estimates and assumptions about future events and apply judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and related disclosures. We base our assumptions, estimates and judgments on historical experience, current trends and other factors that we believe to be relevant at the time the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared. On a regular basis, we review our accounting policies, assumptions, estimates and judgments to ensure that the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements are presented fairly and in accordance with U.S. GAAP. However, because future events and their effects cannot be determined with certainty, actual results could materially differ from our estimates. See our critical accounting policies and estimates discussed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of our most recent Annual Report filed on Form 10-K. There have been no material changes to these policies.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

For a description of accounting changes and recent accounting standards, including the expected dates of adoption and estimated effects, if any, on our financial position or results of operations, see Note 2 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market conditions may adversely impact the value of assets or liabilities, or otherwise negatively impact earnings. The Company is exposed to market risk related to changes in commodity prices.

The Company's precious metals inventory is subject to fluctuations in market value, resulting from changes in the underlying commodity prices. Inventory purchased or borrowed by the Company is subject to price changes. Open sale and purchase commitments are subject to changes in value between the date the purchase or sale price is fixed (the trade date) and the date the metal is received or delivered (the settlement date).

To manage the volatility related to this exposure, the Company enters into precious metals commodity forward and futures contracts. Our policy is to substantially hedge our inventory position, net of open sale and purchase commitments that are subject to price risk. We similarly seek to minimize the effect of price changes on our open sale and purchase commitments through hedging activity. Inventory borrowed is considered a natural hedge, since changes in value of the metal held are offset by the obligation to return the metal to the supplier.

We generally use futures contracts for our shorter-term hedge positions, and forward contracts, which may remain open for up to six months, for our longer-term hedge positions. We have access to all of the precious metals markets, allowing us to place hedges. We also maintain relationships with major market makers in every major precious metals dealing center. We enter into these derivative contracts for the purpose of hedging substantially all of our market exposure to precious metals prices, and not for speculative purposes. As a result of these hedging strategies, we do not believe we have a material exposure to market risk.

The Company is exposed to the risk of failure of the counterparties to its derivative contracts. The Company regularly reviews the creditworthiness of its major counterparties and monitors its exposure to concentrations. The Company believes its risk of counterparty default is limited as a result of such evaluation and the short-term duration of these arrangements.

See Note 12 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, “Derivative Instruments and Hedging Transactions”.

The Company is also exposed to the changes in the spot price of gold through its investment in the XAU₮ stablecoin. A 10% increase or decrease in the spot price of gold would not have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk represents exposures to changes in the values of current holdings and future cash flows denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The types of instruments exposed to this risk include foreign currency denominated receivables and payables and future cash flows in foreign currencies arising from foreign exchange transactions.

The functional currency of our foreign subsidiaries is the U.S. dollar and therefore, we do not believe our exposure to foreign exchange risk related to these entities is material.

To manage the effect of foreign currency exchange fluctuations on its sale and purchase transactions, the Company utilizes foreign currency forward contracts with maturities of generally less than one week. Because of these hedging policies, we do not believe our exposure to foreign exchange risk is material.

See Note 12 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, “Derivative Instruments and Hedging Transactions—Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Management.”

Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our product financing arrangements and Trading Credit Facility. We are subject to fluctuations in interest rates based on the variable interest terms of these arrangements, and we do not utilize derivative contracts to hedge the interest rate fluctuation. See Note 15 to the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, "Financing Agreements".

We manage the interest rate risks related to our interest income generating activities by increasing our secured loan interest rates and finance product pricing in response to rising interest rates. While our weighted-average effective interest rates on these products only partially mitigates the effect of interest rates related to our product financing arrangements and Trading Credit Facility, we do not believe our exposure to interest rate risk is material.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (our "Certifying Officers"), we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”). Based on the foregoing, our Certifying Officers concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Certifying Officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During our most recent fiscal quarter, there has not been any change in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are from time to time involved in legal proceedings, claims, or investigations that are incidental to the conduct of our business.

Although the ultimate outcome of any legal matter cannot be predicted with certainty, based on current information, including our assessment of the merits of the particular claim, we do not expect that these legal proceedings or claims will have any material adverse impact on our future consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

The Company's business, reputation, results of operations, financial condition and stock price can be affected by a number of factors, whether currently known or unknown, including but not limited to those described in Part I, Item 1A of our fiscal 2026 Form 10-K under the heading "Risk Factors." Current global economic and geopolitical events and conditions may amplify many of these risks. When any one or more of these risks materialize from time to time, the Company's business, reputation, results of operations, financial condition, and stock price can be materially and adversely affected. There have been no material changes to the Company's risk factors since the fiscal 2026 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Share Repurchase Program

In April 2018, the Company's board of directors approved a share repurchase program, which since has been amended to authorize the Company to purchase up to 3.3 million shares of its common stock. As of September 30, 2026, 1,321,003 shares had been repurchased and 2,000,000 shares remain authorized for repurchase under the program.

Under the share repurchase program, we may repurchase shares of our common stock from time to time at prevailing market prices, depending on market conditions, through open market or privately negotiated transactions. Subject to applicable securities laws, repurchases may be made at such times and in amounts as management deems appropriate. We are not obligated to repurchase any shares under the program, and repurchases under the program may be discontinued if management determines that additional repurchases are not warranted.

We did not repurchase any shares during the quarter ended September 30, 2026.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Equity Securities

We did not sell any unregistered equity securities during the period covered by this report.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
10.1*	Employment Agreement, dated September 17, 2026, between the Company and Jill Van.
31.1*	Certification Under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification Under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*	Certification Under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification Under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema with Embedded Linkbase Documents.
104*	Cover Page interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GOLD.COM, INC.

Date: November 5, 2026

By: ***/s/ Gregory N. Roberts***
Gregory N. Roberts
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 5, 2026

By: ***/s/ Jill Van***
Jill Van
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

Gold.com, Inc.
1550 Scenic Ave., Suite 150
Costa Mesa, CA 92626

September 17, 2026

Ms. Jill Van

Re: Terms of Employment as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Dear Jill:

Gold.com ("Gold.com" or the "Company") is pleased to confirm the terms of your employment as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, effective September 18, 2026. This letter agreement (the "Agreement") specifies the terms and conditions of your employment by the Company from September 18, 2026 (the "Effective Date") through June 30, 2029 or such earlier date upon which your service terminates (the "Term"), except that Sections 4 (and Sections 5-12 as applicable to Section 4) of the Agreement will remain in effect thereafter. The foregoing notwithstanding, the Term may be extended by mutual agreement of you and the Company.

1. **Duties**.

(a) As Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, you will be responsible for the Company's financial operations, including financial management and reporting, collaboration with senior management on strategy, risk management, team building and succession planning for the financial function and such other functions as may be assigned to you from time to time. You will report to the Company's Chief Executive Officer, working at our Costa Mesa, California office. You will have such other offices at the Company or with Company subsidiaries or affiliates as will be assigned from time to time by the Company (with the concurrence of any affected subsidiary or affiliate), consistent with your position under this Section 1(a).

(b) During your employment hereunder, you will devote your full business time and best efforts to the business and affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries. You understand and acknowledge that your duties will require business travel from time to time.

(c) Upon your termination of employment hereunder for any reason, you agree to resign from any positions you may then hold with the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, and that you will execute such documents and take such other action, if any, as may be requested by the Company to give effect to any such resignation.

2. **Compensation**.

(a) Commencing at the Effective Date and during the Term, the Company will pay to you an annual salary at the rate of $500,000 per year (your "Base Salary"). Payment of the Base Salary will be in accordance with the Company's standard payroll practices and subject to all legally required or customary withholdings.

(b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027 and for each fiscal year thereafter, you will have the opportunity to earn an annual discretionary bonus based on a combination of Company and individual annual performance, as determined by the Compensation Committee and Board of Directors of the Company, whereby a reasonable expectation would be not less than 50% of Base Salary with good

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performance conditions. (Any performance bonus payable hereunder shall be referred to as a "Performance Bonus"). You must be employed by the Company on the last day of the fiscal year to be eligible for the Performance Bonus.

(c) On the Effective Date, the Company will grant to you a number of restricted stock units ("RSUs") under the Company's 2014 Stock Award and Incentive Plan, as amended and restated, equal to $500,000 divided by the average of the closing prices per share of the Company's Common Stock reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on the 15 trading days ending with the trading day immediately before the Effective Date (rounded to the nearest whole number of RSUs).

(i) *Vesting*. The RSUs, if they have not previously been forfeited, will vest in equal installments on each of June 30, 2027, 2028, and 2029.

(ii) *Other Terms*. The RSUs will be subject to such additional terms and conditions as are more fully set forth in the Restricted Stock Units Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit A.

(d) Upon submission by you of vouchers in accordance with the Company's standard procedures, the Company shall reasonably promptly reimburse you for all reasonable and necessary travel, business entertainment and other business expenses incurred by you in connection with the performance of your duties under this Agreement.

(e) During your employment hereunder:

(i) You will be entitled to participate in any and all medical insurance, group health, disability insurance and other benefit plans that are made generally available by the Company to employees of the Company (either directly or through a wholly-owned subsidiary).

(ii) You will be entitled to receive four weeks paid vacation a year and paid holidays made available pursuant to the Company's policy to all senior executives of the Company.

(iii) You will be entitled to continue to participate in the Company's insurance programs made generally available to senior executives, including coverage under the Company's directors' and officers' liability insurance policy.

(iv) The Company may, in its sole discretion, at any time amend or terminate any of the benefit plans or programs referenced in this Section 2(e), upon written notice to you.

(v) You will remain covered by an Indemnification Agreement, previously entered into by you with the Company.

(f) Compensation paid or payable under this Agreement, including any bonus paid or payable under Section 2(b), shall be subject to (i) all legally required or customary tax and other withholdings, and (ii) recoupment by the Company in accordance with the terms of any policy relating to recoupment (or clawback) approved by the Board of Directors and in effect at the time of payment of such compensation.

3. **Termination**. Your employment hereunder is "at will"; the Company may terminate your employment at any time, with or without cause or notice, and you may voluntarily terminate your

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employment with or without notice. In the event of termination of your employment, the Company will pay to you all compensation accrued through the date of termination; you will be entitled to post-termination compensation only to the extent provided under the terms of plans, policies and other agreements and not otherwise under this Agreement.

4. **Exclusive Employment; Non-solicitation; Nondisclosure of Proprietary Information; Surrender of Records; Inventions and Patents; Code of Ethics; Other Commitments**.

(a) No Conflict; No Other Employment. During the period of your employment with the Company, you shall not: (i) engage in any activity that conflicts or interferes with or derogates from the performance of your duties hereunder nor shall you engage in any other business activity, whether or not such business activity is pursued for gain or profit and including service as a director of any other company, except as approved in advance in writing by the Company (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld); provided, however, that you shall be entitled to manage your personal investments and otherwise attend to personal affairs, including charitable, social and political activities, in a manner that does not unreasonably interfere with your responsibilities hereunder, or (ii) engage in any other employment, whether as an employee or consultant or in any other capacity, and whether or not compensated therefor.

(b) Non-solicitation. In consideration of the payment by the Company to you of amounts that may hereafter be paid to you pursuant to this Agreement and other obligations undertaken by the Company hereunder, you agree that during your employment with the Company and for a period of one year following the date of termination of your employment, without the written consent of the Company, you shall not, directly or indirectly, (i) solicit, encourage or recruit, or attempt to solicit, encourage or recruit any of the employees, agents, consultants or representatives of the Company or any of its affiliates to terminate his, her, or its relationship with the Company or such affiliate; or (ii) solicit, encourage or recruit, or attempt to solicit, encourage or recruit, any of the employees, agents, consultants or representatives of the Company or any of its affiliates to become employees, agents, representatives or consultants of any other person or entity.

(c) Proprietary Information. You acknowledge that during the course of your employment with the Company you will necessarily have access to and make use of proprietary information and confidential records of the Company and its affiliates. You covenant that you shall not during your employment by the Company or its affiliates or at any time thereafter, directly or indirectly, use for your own purpose or for the benefit of any person or entity other than the Company, nor otherwise disclose, any proprietary information to any individual or entity, unless such disclosure has been authorized in writing by the Company or is otherwise required by law. You acknowledge and understand that the term "proprietary information" includes, but is not limited to: (a) the software products, programs, applications, and processes utilized by the Company or any of its affiliates; (b) the name and/or address of any customer or vendor of the Company or any of its affiliates or any information concerning the transactions or relations of any customer or vendor of the Company or any of its affiliates with the Company or such affiliate or any of its or their partners, principals, directors, officers or agents; (c) any information concerning any product, technology, or procedure employed by the Company or any of its affiliates but not generally known to its or their customers, vendors or competitors, or under development by or being tested by the Company or any of its affiliates but not at the time offered generally to customers or vendors; (d) any information relating to the computer software, computer systems, pricing or marketing methods, sales margins, cost of goods, cost of material, capital structure, operating results, borrowing arrangements or business plans of the Company or any of its affiliatI (e) any information which is generally regarded as confidential or proprietary in any line of business engaged in by the Company or any of its affiliates; (f) any business plans, budgets, advertising or marketing plans; (g) any

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information contained in any of the written or oral policies and procedures or manuals of the Company or any of its affiliates; (h) any information belonging to customers or vendors of the Company or any of its affiliates or any other person or entity which the Company or any of its affiliates has agreed to hold in confidence; (i) any inventions, innovations or improvements covered by this Agreement; and G) all written, graphic and other material relating to any of the foregoing. You acknowledge and understand that information that is not novel or copyrighted or patented may nonetheless be proprietary information. The term "proprietary information" shall not include information generally available to and known by the public or information that is or becomes available to you on a nonconfidential basis from a source other than the Company, any of its affiliates, or the directors, officers, employees, partners, principals or agents of the Company or any of its affiliates (other than as a result of a breach of any obligation of confidentiality).

(d) Confidentiality and Surrender of Records. You shall not during your employment by the Company or its affiliates or at any time thereafter (irrespective of the circumstances under which Your employment by the Company terminates), except as required by law, directly or indirectly publish, make known or in any fashion disclose any confidential records to, or permit any inspection or copying of confidential records by, any individual or entity other than in the course of such individual's or entity's employment or retention by the Company. Upon termination of employment for any reason or upon request by the Company, you shall deliver promptly to the Company (without retaining any copies) all property and records of the Company or any of its affiliates, including, without limitation, all confidential records. For purposes hereof, "confidential records" means all correspondence, reports, memoranda, files, manuals, books, lists, financial, operating or marketing records, magnetic tape, or electronic or other media or equipment of any kind which may be in your possession or under your control or accessible to you which contain any proprietary information. All property and records of the Company and any of its affiliates (including, without limitation, all confidential records) shall be and remain the sole property of the Company or such affiliate during your employment by the Company and its affiliates and thereafter.

(e) Inventions and Patents. All inventions, innovations or improvements (including policies, procedures, products, improvements, software, ideas and discoveries, whether patent, copyright, trademark, service mark, or otherwise) conceived or made by you, either alone or jointly with others, in the course of your employment by the Company, belong to the Company. You will promptly disclose in writing such inventions, innovations or improvements to the Company and perform all actions reasonably requested by the Company to establish and confirm such ownership by the Company, including, but not limited to, cooperating with and assisting the Company in obtaining patents, copyrights, trademarks, or service marks for the Company in the United States and in foreign countries.

(f) Enforcement. You acknowledge and agree that, by virtue of your position, your services and access to and use of confidential records and proprietary information, any violation by you of any of the undertakings contained in this Section 4 would cause the Company and/or its affiliates immediate, substantial and irreparable injury for which it or they have no adequate remedy at law. Accordingly, you acknowledge that the Company may seek an injunction or other equitable relief by a court of competent jurisdiction restraining any violation or threatened violation of any undertaking contained in this Section 4, and consent to the entry thereof. You waive posting by the Company or its affiliates of any bond otherwise necessary to secure such injunction or other equitable relief. Rights and remedies provided for in this Section 4 are cumulative and shall be in addition to rights and remedies otherwise available to the parties hereunder or under any other agreement or applicable law.

(g) Employment Policies. You will be subject to the policies of the Company including, but not limited to, those contained in the Employee Handbook, the Company's Code of Ethics and all other compliance policies and procedures, all of which may, from time to time, be amended. Nothing in this

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Section 4 is intended to limit, modify or reduce your obligations under the Company's Employee Handbook or Code of Ethics. Your obligations under this Section 4 are in addition to, and not in lieu of, your obligations under the Employee Handbook or the Code of Ethics. To the extent there is any inconsistency between this Section 4 and the Employee Handbook or the Code of Ethics that would permit you to take any action or engage in any activity pursuant to this Section 4 that you would be barred from taking or engaging in under the Employee Handbook or the Code of Ethics, the Employee Handbook or the Code of Ethics (as applicable) shall control.

(h) Cooperation With Regard to Litigation. You agree to cooperate with the Company, during the Term and for a period of three years thereafter (including following your termination of employment for any reason), by making yourself reasonably available to testify on behalf of the Company or any subsidiary or affiliate of the Company, in any action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, and to assist the Company, or any subsidiary or affiliate of the Company, in any such action suit, or proceeding, by providing information and meeting and consulting with the Board or its representatives or counsel, or representatives or counsel to the Company, or any subsidiary or affiliate of the Company, as reasonably requested. The Company agrees to reimburse you, on an after-tax basis each calendar quarter, for all expenses actually incurred in connection with your provision of testimony or assistance in accordance with the provisions of Section 4(h) of this Agreement (including reasonable attorneys' fees) but not later than the last day of the calendar year in which the expense was incurred (or, in the case of an expense incurred in the final quarter of a calendar year, the next following February 15).

(i) Non-Disparagement. You shall not, at any time during your employment by the Company and its affiliates and thereafter, make statements or representations, or otherwise communicate, directly or indirectly, in writing, orally or otherwise, or take any action which may, directly or indirectly, disparage the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates or their respective officers, directors, employees, advisors, businesses or reputations. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Agreement shall preclude you from making truthful statements that are required by applicable law, regulation or legal process.

(j) Exclusions. Nothing in this Agreement shall prevent you (or your attorney) from lawfully (a) filing a charge or complaint with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (the "EEOC"), the National Labor Relations Board ("NLRB"), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration ("OSHA"), or a similar state or local agency; (b) participating in any investigation or proceeding conducted by the EEOC, the NLRB, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the Securities and Exchange Commission or other federal, state or local agencies (collectively, "Government Agencies or Regulators"); (c) communicating or cooperating with, or providing relevant information to, or testifying before, or otherwise assisting in an investigation or proceeding by, Government Agencies or Regulators; or (d) exercising rights under the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016, which provides that an individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any federal or state trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that is made: (i) in confidence to a federal, state, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney, and solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (ii) in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal. To the extent permissible by law and except as otherwise set forth herein, you release and waive any right to, and agree not to seek any, personal or monetary relief from the Company or its affiliates based upon any such investigation or proceeding. Nothing in this Agreement requires you to notify the Company of communications with Government Agencies or Regulators, limits your right to receive an award for information provided to Government Agencies or Regulators or requires any offset for payment(s) made to you under this

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Agreement should you receive any monetary award as a result of information provided to Government Agencies or Regulators.

5. **Notices**. Every notice or other communication required or contemplated by this Agreement must be in writing and sent by one of the following methods: (1) personal delivery, in which case delivery is deemed to occur the day of delivery; (2) certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, in which case delivery is deemed to occur the day it is officially recorded by the U.S. Postal Service as delivered to the intended recipient; or (3) next day delivery to a U.S. address by recognized overnight delivery service such as Federal Express, in which case delivery is deemed to occur one business day after being sent. In each case, a notice or other communication sent to a party must be directed to the address for that party set forth below, or to another address designated by that party by written notice:

If to the Company, to:

Gold.com, Inc.
1550 Scenic Avenue
Suite 150
Costa Mesa, CA 92626
Attention: General Counsel

If to you, to:

Ms. Jill Van
1550 Scenic Avenue
Suite 150
Costa Mesa, CA 92626

6. **Assignability; Binding Effect**. This Agreement is a personal contract calling for the provision of unique services by you, and your rights and obligations hereunder may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated. The rights and obligations of the Company under this Agreement bind and run in favor of the successors and assigns of the Company.

7. **Complete Understanding**. This Agreement (including Exhibits) constitutes the complete understanding between the parties with respect to the employment of you by the Company and supersedes all prior agreements and understandings, both written and oral, between the parties with respect to the subject matter of this Agreement; provided, however, that Company plans, policies and agreements regarding matters outside the scope of this Agreement remain in full force and effect.

8. **Amendments; Waivers**. This Agreement may not be amended except by means of an instrument in writing signed on behalf of the Company and you. No waiver by any party of any breach under this Agreement will be deemed to extend to any prior or subsequent breach or affect in any way any rights arising by virtue of any prior or subsequent such occurrence. Waiver by either party of any breach by the other party will not operate as a waiver of any other breach, whether similar to or different from the breach waived. No delay on the part of the Company or you in the exercise of any of their respective rights or remedies will operate as a waiver of that right (subject, however, to all explicit deadlines set forth in this Agreement).

9. **Severability**. If any provision of this Agreement or its application to any person or circumstances is determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable to any extent, that

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unenforceable provision will be deemed eliminated to the extent necessary to permit the remaining provisions to be enforced, and the remainder of this Agreement, or the application of the unenforceable provision to other persons or circumstances, will not be affected thereby. If any provision of this Agreement, or any part thereof, is held to be unenforceable because of the scope or duration of or the area covered by that provision, the court making that determination shall reduce the scope, duration of or area covered by that provision or otherwise amend the provision to the minimum extent necessary to make that provision enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.

10. **Survivability**. The provisions of this Agreement that by their terms call for performance subsequent to termination of your employment hereunder, or subsequent to the termination of this Agreement, will survive such termination. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the provisions of Section 4 shall survive any termination of this Agreement in accordance with its terms.

11. **Governing Law**. This Agreement is governed by the laws of the State of California, without giving effect to principles of conflict of laws.

12. **Jurisdiction; Service of Process**. Any action or proceeding seeking to enforce any provision of, or based on any right arising out of, this Agreement must be brought against any of the parties in the courts of the State of California, Los Angeles County, or, if it has or can acquire jurisdiction, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California, and each of the parties consents to the jurisdiction of those courts (and of the appropriate appellate courts) in any such action or proceeding and waives any objection to venue laid therein. Process in any such action or proceeding may be served by sending or delivering a copy of the process to the party to be served at the address and in the manner provided for the giving of notices in Section 5. Nothing in this Section 12, however, affects the right of any party to serve legal process in any other manner permitted by law. Each party hereto waives trial by jury.

The undersigned hereby execute this Agreement on the date stated in the introductory clause.

GOLD.COM, INC.

By: /s/ Gregory N. Roberts
Name: Gregory N. Roberts
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Jill Van

/s/ Jill Van

Exhibit A

Gold.com, Inc.

2014 Stock Award and Incentive Plan, as Amended and Restated

Restricted Stock Units Agreement

This Restricted Stock Units Agreement (the "Agreement") confirms the grant on September 19, 2026 (the "Grant Date"), by Gold.com, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company" or "Gold.com"), to Jill Van ("Employee"), of Restricted Stock Units (the "RSUs") relating to Gold.com Common Stock, par value $0.01 per share (the "Shares"), as set forth below. The RSUs are granted under Section 6(e) of the Company's 2014 Stock Award and Incentive Plan, as amended and restated (the "Plan"), and under Section 3(c) of the Employment Agreement between Employee and Gold.com, executed September 17, 2026 (the "Employment Agreement"), in consideration of Employee's entry into such Employment Agreement and his continuing service to Gold.com in executive capacities.

The principal terms of the RSUs granted hereby are as follows (subject to adjustment in accordance with the Plan and this Agreement):

Number granted: _____ RSUs.

Vesting and Forfeiture of RSUs:

(i) The RSUs, if they have not previously been forfeited as provided herein, will vest in equal installments on each of June 30, 2027, 2028, and 2029.

(ii) The RSUs, if not previously forfeited, will vest in whole or in part on an accelerated basis upon the occurrence of certain events relating to Termination of Employment, in accordance with Section 4 hereof, and will become fully vested and exercisable upon a Change in Control as defined in Section 8 of the Plan.

(iii) Except as provided in Section 4 of this Agreement, upon Employee's Termination of Employment before the RSUs have become vested, the RSUs will be forfeited.

(iv) The date of vesting under clause (i) or (ii) above is the "Vesting Date." The term "vesting," "vests" or "vested" means that Employee's substantial risk of forfeiture of the RSUs under this Agreement has lapsed. However, terms of this Agreement and Company policies relating to clawback (or recoupment) of Shares or the cash value of Shares delivered in settlement of the RSUs in some cases will continue to apply after vesting.

Settlement: The RSUs that become vested will be settled by delivery of one Share of the Company's Common Stock, $0.01 par value per Share, for each RSU being settled. Such settlement will occur not later than the fifth business day after the Vesting Date, except as otherwise provided in Section 4.

* * * *

The RSUs are subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, including the Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Units attached hereto and deemed a part hereof. The number of

RSUs and the number and kind of Shares deliverable in settlement of RSUs are subject to adjustment in accordance with Section 5 hereof and the applicable sections of the Plan. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement but not defined herein shall have the same meanings as in the Plan.

Employee acknowledges and agrees that (i) the RSUs are nontransferable as set forth in Section 7 hereof and Section 10(b) of the Plan, (ii) the RSUs are forfeitable and subject to clawback, as set forth herein, the Plan and applicable policies of Gold.com, (iii) sales of Shares delivered in settlement of RSUs will be subject to compliance with applicable Federal and state securities laws, which may preclude such sales, and will be subject to the Company's policies regulating insider trading by employees, and (iv) a copy of the Plan and related information previously have been delivered to Employee, are being delivered to Employee herewith, or are available as specified in Section 1 hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Gold.com, Inc. has caused this Agreement to be executed by its officer thereunto duly authorized.

GOLD.COM, INC.

Date: September ___, 2026 By: _____
Carol Meltzer
Executive Vice President and General Counsel

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS

The following Terms and Conditions apply to the RSUs granted to Employee by GOLD.COM, INC. (the "Company"), as specified in the Restricted Stock Units Agreement (of which these Terms and Conditions form a part). Certain terms of the RSUs, including the number of RSUs granted, vesting date(s) and settlement date(s), are set forth on the preceding cover page, which is an integral part of this Agreement.

1. ***General.*** The RSUs are granted to Employee under the Company's 2014 Stock Award and Incentive Plan, as amended and restated (the "Plan"), which has previously been delivered to Employee and/or is available upon request to the General Counsel of the Company. All of the applicable terms, conditions and other provisions of the Plan are incorporated by reference herein. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement but not defined herein shall have the same meanings as in the Plan. If there is any conflict between the provisions of this document and mandatory provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan govern. By accepting the grant of the RSUs, Employee agrees to be bound by all of the terms and provisions of the Plan (as presently in effect or later amended), the rules and regulations under the Plan adopted from time to time, and the decisions and determinations of the Company's Compensation Committee (the "Committee") made from time to time, provided that, without the Employee's written consent, no such Plan amendment, rule or regulation or Committee decision or determination shall materially and adversely affect the rights of Employee with respect to outstanding RSUs.

2. ***Account for Employee.*** The Company shall maintain a bookkeeping account for Employee (the "Account") reflecting the number of RSUs then credited to Employee hereunder as a result of such grant of RSUs.

3. ***Non-transferability.*** Until RSUs become settleable in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, Employee may not transfer the RSUs or any rights hereunder to any third party other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, except for transfers to a Beneficiary in the event of death or as otherwise permitted and subject to the conditions under Section 10(b) of the Plan.

4. ***Termination Provisions.*** In the event of Employee's Termination of Employment for any reason before a given RSU has vested, such unvested RSU shall be forfeited unless otherwise determined by the Committee or otherwise provided in subsections (a) – (c) below. All references to RSUs mean only those outstanding RSUs that have not been previously forfeited.

(a) *Death or Disability.* In the event of the death of Employee or Employee's Termination of Employment due to Total Disability (as defined below), a pro-rata portion (determined in accordance with Section 4(e) below) of the RSUs (if not previously vested) will vest and become non-forfeitable immediately, and such RSUs will have a settlement date that is 15 business days following the date of death or the date of such Termination of Employment.

(b) *Termination by the Company Not For Cause.* In the event of Employee's Termination of Employment by the Company not for Cause (as defined below), all RSUs will vest and become non-forfeitable immediately, and those RSUs will be settled at the settlement date specified on the Cover Page hereof (subject to accelerated settlement under Section 4(a)).

(c) *Termination by the Company For Cause or Voluntarily by Executive.* In the event of Employee's Termination of Employment by the Company for Cause or Termination of Employment by Employee voluntarily, any then outstanding RSUs not vested at or before the date of Termination of Employment will be forfeited (unless otherwise determined by the Committee).

(d) *Certain Definitions.* The following definitions apply for purposes of this Agreement:

(i) "Cause" means the occurrence of any of the following:

a. Employee's neglect or failure or refusal to perform his or her duties (other than as a result of total or partial incapacity or disability due to physical or mental illness);
b. Any intentional act by or omission of Employee that materially injures the reputation or business of the Company or any of its affiliates, or his or her own reputation;
c. Employee's conviction (including conviction on a nolo contendere plea) of a felony or any crime involving, in the good faith judgment of the Company, fraud, dishonesty or moral turpitude;
d. The breach of an obligation under any employment agreement or this Agreement; or
e. Any material violation of the Company's Code of Ethics, as may be amended from time to time.

(ii) "Disability" means the occurrence of (l) Employee becoming entitled to receive disability benefits under the Company's long-term disability plan or (2) Employee becoming unable to perform the duties and responsibilities contemplated under this Agreement for a period of more than 180 consecutive days due to physical or mental incapacity or impairment.

(iii) "Termination of Employment" means the earliest time at which Employee is employed by neither the Company nor a subsidiary of the Company.

(e) *Determination of Pro-Rata Portion*. For purposes of Section 4(a), the pro-rata portion of the RSUs that is to become vested will be the number of RSUs that are to become vested at the scheduled Vesting Date multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is the number of days since the Grant Date through the date of Termination of Employment and the denominator of which is that number of days plus the number of days remaining until the scheduled Vesting Date.

5. ***Dividend Equivalents and Adjustments.***

(a) *Dividend Equivalents.* RSUs shall be entitled to payments or credits equivalent to cash dividends that would have been paid if the RSUs had been outstanding Shares at any record date that occurs before the settlement date. Such dividend equivalents will be retained by the Company as cash, without interest, and paid to Employee (or preferentially applied to tax withholding) at the time the related RSUs are settled if and to the extent the related RSUs have become vested and are settled.

(b) *Adjustments.* The number of RSUs credited to Employee's Account and/or the property deliverable upon settlement of RSUs shall be appropriately adjusted, in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of Employee's rights with respect to RSUs in connection with, or to reflect any changes in the number and kind of outstanding Shares of Common Stock resulting from, any corporate transaction or event referred to in Section 10(c) of the Plan (this provision takes precedence over Section 5(a) in the case of a large and non-recurring cash dividend and applies also to any non-cash dividend, and any adjustment otherwise shall take into account any value credited or to be received as dividend equivalents).

(c) *Terms and Settlement of RSUs Resulting from Adjustments.* RSUs, cash and other property deliverable in settlement of RSUs that directly or indirectly result from adjustments to an RSU granted hereunder shall be subject to the terms (including vesting terms) as apply to the granted RSU, and will become vested and be settled at the same time as the granted RSU.

6. ***Settlement.***

(a) *Settlement.* The settlement terms set forth on the Cover Page and in Section 4 of this Agreement apply to the RSUs.

(b) *Compliance with Code Section 409A*. This grant of RSUs and the provisions of this Agreement are subject to Gold.com's "Compliance Rules Under Code Section 409A" (Appendix A to the Plan). Other provisions of this Agreement notwithstanding, under U.S. federal income tax laws and Treasury Regulations as presently in effect or hereafter implemented, with respect to RSUs other than those that are excluded from being deemed deferrals of compensation under 409A, (i) a distribution in settlement of RSUs to Employee triggered by a Termination of Employment will occur only if the Termination constitutes a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(i) and if, at the time of such separation from service, Employee is a "specified employee" under Code Section 409A(a)(2)(B)(i) and a delay in distribution is required in order that Employee will not be subject to a tax penalty under Code Section 409A, such distribution in settlement of RSUs will occur at the date six months and one day after Termination of Employment; (ii) any rights of Employee or retained authority of the Company with respect to RSUs hereunder shall be automatically modified and limited to the extent necessary so that Employee will not be deemed to be in constructive receipt of income relating to the RSUs prior to the distribution and so that Employee shall not be subject to any penalty under Code Section 409A; and (iii) such RSUs will be subject to no acceleration of settlement in the discretion of the Committee except to the extent permitted under Code Section 409A. Other provisions of this Agreement notwithstanding, if a separation from service occurs within less than six months before the fixed date specified as the Settlement Date and the six-month delay rule would apply to a settlement triggered by such separation from service, the settlement will not be made based on the separation from service, but instead the settlement shall be made based on the fixed date specified as the Settlement Date.

7. ***Other Terms Relating to RSUs.***

(a) *Representations and warranties*. As a condition to the settlement of the RSUs, the Company may require Employee to make any other representation or warranty to the Company as then may be required or deemed by the Company advisable in order to ensure compliance under any applicable law or regulation.

(b) *Shareholder Rights.* Employee acknowledges and agrees that he or she shall have no voting rights or other rights of a stockholder with respect to the RSUs or the Shares issuable in settlement of the RSUs until such time as the Shares have been issued and delivered to Employee in settlement of the RSUs.

(c) *Fractional RSUs and Shares*. The number of RSUs credited to Employee's Account shall include fractional RSUs, if any, unless otherwise determined by the Committee. Unless settlement is effected through a third-party broker or agent that can accommodate fractional Shares (without requiring issuance of a fractional Share by the Company), upon settlement of the RSUs Employee shall be paid, in cash, an amount equal to the value of any fractional Share that would have otherwise been deliverable in settlement of such RSUs.

(d) *Tax Withholding.* Unless otherwise determined by the Company (at any time) or unless Employee has, before the end of any quarterly window-period during which trading in Company securities by an insider is permitted under the Company's insider trading policy (provided that such window-period was ended before the settlement date), made arrangements satisfactory to the Company to otherwise provide for payment of withholding taxes, at the time of settlement the Company will withhold

from any Shares deliverable in settlement of the RSUs, in accordance with Section 10(d) of the Plan, the number of whole Shares that, together with any related cash withholding, has a value nearest to, but at least equal to, the amount of income taxes, employment taxes or other withholding amounts required to be withheld under applicable local laws and regulations, and pay the amount of such withholding taxes in cash to the appropriate taxing authorities (or make other arrangements that meet applicable tax withholding requirements). Employee will be responsible for any taxes relating to the RSUs not satisfied by means of such mandatory withholding. Employee acknowledges that FICA (Social Security and Medicare) withholding taxes are payable upon the vesting of the RSUs, based on the then Fair Market Value of the RSUs, and Employee agrees that such amounts may be withheld from regular payroll payments or any other payment of cash bonus or otherwise paid by Employee upon demand of the Company, if the settlement date of the RSUs does not closely coincide with the vesting of the RSUs.

(e) *Voluntary Participation.* Employee's participation in the Plan is voluntary. The value of the RSUs is an extraordinary item of compensation. As such, the RSUs are not part of normal or expected compensation for purposes of calculating any severance, resignation, redundancy, end of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, pension or retirement benefits or similar payments.

(f) *Consent to Electronic Delivery.* EMPLOYEE HEREBY CONSENTS TO ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF THE PLAN, ANY PROSPECTUS FOR THE PLAN AND OTHER DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE PLAN (COLLECTIVELY, THE "PLAN DOCUMENTS"), IN RESPECT OF THIS EQUITY AWARD AND ALL OTHER EQUITY AWARDS THAT MAY BE GRANTED OR HAVE BEEN GRANTED BY THE COMPANY. THE COMPANY WILL DELIVER THE PLAN DOCUMENTS ELECTRONICALLY TO EMPLOYEE BY E-MAIL, BY POSTING SUCH DOCUMENTS ON ITS INTRANET WEBSITE OR BY ANOTHER MODE OF ELECTRONIC DELIVERY AS DETERMINED BY THE COMPANY IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION. THE COMPANY WILL SEND TO EMPLOYEE AN E-MAIL ANNOUNCEMENT WHEN A NEW PLAN DOCUMENT IS AVAILABLE ELECTRONICALLY FOR EMPLOYEE'S REVIEW, DOWNLOAD OR PRINTING AND WILL PROVIDE INSTRUCTIONS ON WHERE THE PLAN DOCUMENT CAN BE FOUND. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN WRITING BY THE COMPANY, EMPLOYEE WILL NOT INCUR ANY COSTS FOR RECEIVING THE PLAN DOCUMENTS ELECTRONICALLY THROUGH THE COMPANY'S COMPUTER NETWORK. EMPLOYEE WILL HAVE THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE PAPER COPIES OF ANY PLAN DOCUMENT BY SENDING A WRITTEN REQUEST FOR A PAPER COPY TO THE COMPANY AT THE ADDRESS SET FORTH IN SECTION 9(e) BELOW. EMPLOYEE'S CONSENT TO ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF THE PLAN DOCUMENTS WILL BE VALID AND REMAIN EFFECTIVE UNTIL THE EARLIER OF (i) THE TERMINATION OF EMPLOYEE'S PARTICIPATION IN THE PLAN AND (ii) THE WITHDRAWAL OF EMPLOYEE'S CONSENT TO ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF THE PLAN DOCUMENTS. THE COMPANY ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT EMPLOYEE HAS THE RIGHT AT ANY TIME TO WITHDRAW HIS OR HER CONSENT TO ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF THE PLAN DOCUMENTS BY SENDING A WRITTEN NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL TO THE COMPANY AT THE ADDRESS SET FORTH IN SECTION 9(e) BELOW. IF EMPLOYEE WITHDRAWS HIS OR HER CONSENT TO ELECTRONIC DELIVERY, THE COMPANY WILL RESUME SENDING PAPER COPIES OF THE PLAN DOCUMENTS WITHIN TEN (10) BUSINESS DAYS OF ITS RECEIPT OF THE WITHDRAWAL NOTICE. EMPLOYEE ACKNOWLEDGES THAT HE OR SHE IS ABLE TO ACCESS, VIEW AND RETAIN AN E-MAIL ANNOUNCEMENT INFORMING EMPLOYEE THAT THE PLAN DOCUMENTS ARE AVAILABLE IN EITHER HTML, PDF OR SUCH OTHER FORMAT AS THE COMPANY DETERMINES IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION.

9. ***Miscellaneous.***

(a) *Binding Agreement; Written Amendments.* This Agreement shall be binding upon the heirs, executors, administrators and successors of the parties. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the RSUs, and supersedes any prior agreements or documents with respect thereto. No amendment or alteration of this Agreement that may impose any additional obligation upon the Company shall be valid unless expressed in a written instrument duly executed in the name of the Company, and no amendment, alteration, suspension or termination of this Agreement that may materially impair the rights of Employee with respect to the RSUs shall be valid unless expressed in a written instrument executed by Employee.

(b) *No Promise of Employment.* The RSUs and the granting thereof shall not constitute or be evidence of any agreement or understanding, express or implied, that Employee has a right to continue as an employee, officer or director of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates for any period of time, or at any particular rate of compensation. Employee acknowledges and agrees that the Plan is discretionary in nature and limited in duration, and may be amended, cancelled or terminated by the Company, in its sole discretion, at any time, provided, however that any outstanding RSUs shall not be materially and adversely affected without the written agreement of Employee. The grant of RSUs under the Plan is a one-time benefit and does not create any contractual or other right to receive a grant of restricted stock units or stock options or benefits in lieu of units or stock options in the future. Future grants, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company, including, but not limited to, the timing of any grant, the number of units and vesting provisions.

(c) *Unfunded Plan.* Any provision for distribution in settlement of Employee's Account hereunder shall be by means of bookkeeping entries on the books of the Company and shall not create in Employee any right to, or claim against any, specific assets of the Company, nor result in the creation of any trust or escrow account for Employee. With respect to Employee's entitlement to any distribution hereunder, Employee shall be a general creditor of the Company.

(d) *Governing Law.* THE VALIDITY, CONSTRUCTION, AND EFFECT OF THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS (INCLUDING THOSE GOVERNING CONTRACTS) OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, WITHOUT GIVING EFFECT TO PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAWS, AND APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAW. The RSUs and the granting thereof are subject to Employee’s compliance with the applicable laws of the jurisdiction of Employee’s employment.

(e) *Notices.* Any notice to be given the Company under this Agreement shall be addressed to the Company at 1550 Scenic Avenue, Suite 150, Costa Mesa, California 92626, attention: General Counsel, and any notice to Employee shall be addressed to Employee at Employee’s address as then appearing in the records of the Company.

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, Gregory N. Roberts, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Gold.com, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

   (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

   (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

   (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2026

/s/ Gregory N. Roberts

Gregory N. Roberts
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, Jill Van, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Gold.com, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

   (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

   (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

   (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2026

/s/ Jill Van

Jill Van
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with Gold.com, Inc.'s (the "Company") Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2026, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2026

/s/ Gregory N. Roberts
Gregory N. Roberts
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with Gold.com, Inc.'s (the "Company") Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2026, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: November 5, 2026

/s/ Jill Van
Jill Van
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.